

**ĐỀ 1 – PHÒNG GD&ĐT TAM ĐẢO***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Identify the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.**

1. A. wanteded      B. filleded      C. stayeded      D. playeded  
2. A. ahead      B. instead      C. heat      D. bread

**II. Find the words which has a different stress pattern.**

3. A. appear      B. annoy      C. transmit      D. injure  
4. A. convenient      B. selection      C. character      D. equipment

**III. Choose the best answer to complete the following sentences.**

5. Tim needs to ..... his Spanish pronunciation.  
A. improve      B. try      C. enroll      D. participate  
6. The children aren't old enough to look after.....  
A. themselves      B. ourselves      C. herself      D. himself  
7. He ..... lots of old books for 5 years.  
A. recycled      B. is recycling      C. has recycled      D. will recycle  
8. She worked hard ..... pass the final exams.  
A. so that      B. in order to      C. in order that      D. so as  
9. When I was a child, I ..... follow my Mom to the market.  
A. used to      B. use to      C. get used to      D. usually  
10. They'll arrive ..... Monday, 14 July.  
A. in      B. at      C. during      D. on

**IV. Read the following passage, then choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete it.**

Na is a newcomer to the neighborhood. Her family (1) \_\_\_\_\_ here last week. She doesn't know anything about the new neighborhood. Nam, Na's neighbor, is very happy (2) \_\_\_\_\_ her. Nam has lived here for about 10 years, so he knows the area quite well. Na wants to know the way to the nearest restaurant (3) \_\_\_\_\_ her mother is too tired to cook dinner.

Nam shows her the way to get there, just around the corner. The restaurant (4)\_\_\_\_\_ Hue food. According to Nam, the food there is (5) \_\_\_\_\_, especially the pancakes. Na and her mother will definitely try the food.

- |               |            |                |              |
|---------------|------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. arrives | B. arrive  | C. arrived     | D. arriving  |
| 2. A. help    | B. to help | C. helping     | D. helped    |
| 3. A. because | B. but     | C. so          | D. about     |
| 4. A. serve   | B. serves  | C. will serve  | D. served    |
| 5. A. badly   | B. well    | C. deliciously | D. delicious |

**V. Read the paragraph, then decide whether the following sentences are True (T) or False (F).**

Charles Dickens was born in Ports Mouth in 1812. His family then lived in London. His father was a clerk in an office. There were eight children in the family, so life was hard. Charles went to school and his teacher thought he was very clever. When he was only eleven, he had to leave school and went to work in a factory. He worked ten hours a day and earned 30 pence a week. Every night, after work, he walked four miles back to his home. Charles hated it and never forgot. He used it in many novels, especially David Copperfield and Oliver Twist.

6. Charles' family had eight children.
7. Charles went to school when he was only eleven.
8. He worked ten hours a day and earned thirty pence a day.
9. Charles liked walking back to his home after work.
10. Oliver Twist is one of Charles' novels.

**VI. Finish the second sentence in such a way that it is similar to the original one.**

1. "Open the door, please," said my grandmother.

-> My grandmother told me.....

2. Nam often played soccer very well.

-> Nam used .....

3. I'm not strong. I can't take part in the games.

-> I'm not.....

**ĐỀ 4 – PHÒNG GD&ĐT VĨNH TUỜNG***Time allowed: 45 minutes*

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronunciation differently from the others.**

1. A. agree                      B. assistant                      C. admire                      D. awful  
2. A. exhibition                      B. neighborhood                      C. hot                      D. humid

**II. Mark the letter A, B, C or D in the numbered to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

1. A. garden                      B. enroll                      C. sidewalk                      D. drawing  
2. A. tradition                      B. question                      C. companion                      D. musician

**III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences.**

1. The volunteers have to work much \_\_\_\_\_ usual to save the dying animals from the forest fire.  
A. as hard as                      B. more hard than                      C. harder than                      D. the hardest  
2. We left at 6 a.m \_\_\_\_\_ late.  
A. so as not to be                      B. so as not being                      C. so as to be                      D. so as not being  
3. They bought \_\_\_\_\_ a new car.  
A. theyselves                      B. theyselves                      C. themselves                      D. themself  
4. I asked Sara \_\_\_\_\_ me to the station.  
A. drive                      B. drives                      C. to drive                      D. driving  
5. Your composition is \_\_\_\_\_ better than his.  
A. more                      B. much                      C. many                      D. very  
6. I used \_\_\_\_\_ fishing.  
A. enjoy                      B. to enjoy                      C. enjoying                      D. to enjoying

**IV. Choose the word (a, b, c, or d) that best fits each of the blank spaces.**

I'm a student (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Bristol University. I share a house with three other students. It's quite a (2) \_\_\_\_\_ house. We all have our own (3) \_\_\_\_\_. There is a bed, a desk, a chair,

and a wardrobe in the room. It has a washbasin and a mirror in the corner, too. We all share the kitchen, the living room, and the bathroom. We sometimes have arguments about things, like when someone spends too long (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the bathroom, but we have a lot of fun, (5) \_\_\_\_\_.

- |             |           |            |               |
|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| 1. A. in    | B. at     | C. on      | D. inside     |
| 2. A. tall  | B. old    | C. heavy   | D. big        |
| 3. A. rooms | B. flats  | C. houses  | D. apartments |
| 4. A. on    | B. in     | C. at      | D. over       |
| 5. A. too   | B. either | C. neither | D. a & b      |

***V. Read the following passage and choose the item (A, B, C, or D) that best answers each of the questions about it.***

Hi! My name is John. I live in Liverpool. Liverpool is a large city in the north of England. I live with my parents, my two brothers and my sister. We live in a large house.

In our house, there is a big kitchen, a dining room, a large living room and a toilet. There is also a separate room for our washing machine and freezer. Upstairs, there are five bedrooms, two bathrooms, and another toilet. Outside, there is a large garden. There are two garages.

- Where does John live?  
A. In England.      B. In Wales.      C. In Scotland.      D. In France.
- How many people are there in John's family?  
A. 4      B. 5      C. 6      D. 7
- How many rooms are there in John's house?  
A. 10      B. 11      C. 13      D. 14
- Dining room is the room in a house where you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. usually relax in comfortable chairs      B. eat meals  
C. cook food and wash dishes      D. wash your body
- Which of the following is not true?  
A. John's family live in a large house.  
B. John's house is big but doesn't have any gardens.

C. The kitchen in John's house is big.

D. John's house has two garages.

**VI. Rewrite the following sentences in reported speech, beginning as shown.**

1. She is a good English speaker.

⇒ She speaks \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Lan loves to play badminton.

⇒ Lan adores \_\_\_\_\_.

3. The last time we ate this kind of food was in January.

⇒ We haven't \_\_\_\_\_.

4. We were late for school because of the heavy rain.

⇒ Because it \_\_\_\_\_.

5. This computer works better than that one.

⇒ That computer \_\_\_\_\_.

**VII. Write a paragraph within 80 words about your leisure activities.**

**ĐỀ 5 – SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG***Time allowed: 45 minutes*

**I. Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from others.**

- |                       |                    |                      |                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>i</u> njure  | B. kn <u>i</u> fe  | C. k <u>i</u> ll     | D. s <u>i</u> nk     |
| 2. A. s <u>o</u> ccer | B. n <u>o</u> tice | C. ph <u>o</u> to    | D. gro <u>o</u> cery |
| 3. A. c <u>a</u> ndy  | B. m <u>a</u> tch  | C. w <u>a</u> rdrobe | D. r <u>a</u> ck     |
| 4. A. coo <u>k</u> ed | B. liv <u>e</u> d  | C. play <u>e</u> d   | D. carr <u>i</u> ed  |

**II. Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences.**

1. Would you mind opening the window?  
A. Yes, I would.    B. No, I wouldn't.    C. No, thanks.    D. Not at all.
2. I know you worked really \_\_\_\_\_ - this semester.  
A. hardly    B. harder    C. hardest    D. hard
3. She advised me \_\_\_\_\_ late..  
A. to not be    B. not to be    C. not be    D. not being
4. She was born \_\_\_\_\_ - May 25<sup>th</sup>, 1990.  
A. of    B. at    C. in    D. on
5. The children are old enough to look after \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. them    B. their    C. themselves    D. himself
6. The next train to Newcastle \_\_\_\_\_ - at 4.45  
A. leaves    B. is leaving    C. is going to leave    D. left
7. We \_\_\_\_\_ - him since we left high school.  
A. don't see    B. didn't see    C. haven't seen    D. won't see.
8. You look very \_\_\_\_\_ - today.  
A. happiness    B. happy    C. happily    D. happiest.

**III. Give the correct tense/ form of the verb in brackets.**

1. I ( not see ).....- her recently.
2. She ( have ) .....a birthday party tomorrow.
3. ( you/ watch) .....- TV last night?
4. Water (boil) .....at 100 C.

**IV. Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to complete the passage**

I went to Australia on a student program last year and I like to (1)\_\_\_\_\_you about it. I was very (2)\_\_\_\_\_when I knew I was going to Australia because I had never been there before. I didn't think about the problems of speaking English (3)\_\_\_\_\_I met my host family. At first I couldn't communicate with them because my English was so bad. All the five years I had been learning English wasn't much used at all because we didn't have real practice at school. Even though my grammar was good, my pronunciation wasn't. My problem is (4)\_\_\_\_\_ - 'l' and 'r'. For example, Australian people often asked "What do you eat in Vietnam?" I wanted to tell them that we eat rice, but they didn't understand when I said "We eat lice"...

- |                   |             |            |            |
|-------------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. say         | B. tell     | C. talk    | ● D. speak |
| 2. A. exciting    | B. excites  | C. excited | D. excite  |
| 3. A. after       | B. until    | C. when    | D. while   |
| 4. A. pronouncing | B. speaking | C. reading | D. telling |

**V. Read the following passage then answer the questions.**

Sapa is a small town in Lao Cai. It is famous for its natural sites including Silver Waterfall, Ham Rong Mountain, Rattan Bridge, Ta Phin Cave and the peak of Fansipan Mountain, which is considered the rooftop of Indochina. In the past, it used to take people many days to reach the peak. Thanks to the cable car system which was completed in early 2015, visitors now can easily reach the peak of Fansipan Mountain in about 20 minutes. The system, which is considered the longest and highest of its kind in the world, runs from Sapa town to the peak of Fansipan Mountain, and is able to transport 2,000 people each hour. From the cable cars, visitors can enjoy the wonderful landscapes and pure air of the beautiful mountainous town.

1. How long did it take visitors to reach the peak of Fansipan Mountain in the past?
2. Is the cable car system the longest and highest of its kind in the world?
3. What can visitors do from the cable cars system?
4. What are natural sites in Sapa?

**VI. Rewrite the sentence so that it means as the first ones, beginning with the given words.**

1. John said to me “ Wait for me outside my office, please”

John told me.....

2. She is a good English speaker.

He speaks .....

**VII. Using the suggested words or phrases to write meaningful sentences.**

1. He/start /learn/this language/in 2004.

2. We/ not see/ each other/ since/ we/ leave/ school.

**VIII. In 60-80 words, write a short paragraph about a friend you like best.**



**ĐỀ 6 – PHÒNG GD&ĐT HUYỆN MỸ HẠO***Time allowed: 45 minutes***A. PHONETICS, VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR***Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others*

1. A. revision      B. inside      C. find      D. highight  
2. A. move      B. novel      C. lock      D. sococer

*Choose the correct answer(s) in the following sentences:*

3. You must..... the sockets so that children can't try to put any thing into them.  
A. put      B. include      C. cover      D. reach
4. The goods in the new stores will be .....the ones here .  
A. similar      B. the same as      C. the same      D. different
5. He is not old enough..... to school.  
A. riding a bike      B. to ride a bike      C. cycles      D. to cycle
6. The children ..... listening to traditional stories .  
A. enjoy      B. like      C. love      D. want
7. He used to ..... country life .....city life .  
A. prefer ..to      B. preferred ....to      C. like .....better than      D. liked .....better than
8. Ha: " Can I speak to Nga, please?"      Ba: " ....."  
A. I'm sorry. I am speaking      B. No, thank you.  
C. Ok. See you at 8.00      D. I'm sorry. She is out now
9. I'm glad that you had an ..... Christmas vacation .  
A. enjoyment      B. enjoying      C. enjoyable      D. enjoyably
10. Nobody helps her do her homework. She always does it .....

- A . her                      B. herself                      C. itself                      D. himself

11. My dad has worked for his company.....20 years.

- A. to                      B. for                      C. since                      D. in

12. Linda: "Can you help me, please ?"                      Jimmy: "....."

- A. No problem                      B. No, thank you                      C. No, I'm fine                      D. No, I'm agree

## READING COMPREHENSION

*Read the passage and answer the following questions.*

I have twin brothers, Tim and Tom. They are very similar and a lot of people don't know which is which. They both have blond hair and blue eyes, and they always wear jeans and T-shirts. They like doing the same things, too. For example, they both like jazz and they're crazy about football. They go to a football match once a week. Tim doesn't like dancing or discos and Tom doesn't like them, either. Although they're twins, they're not exactly the same at everything. Tim works hard at school because he wants to go to university, but Tom is a bit lazy. Our mother is often away from home because of her job, so we all work together in the house. Most of the time it's fine, but sometimes we fight a bit!

1. Is Tim very similar to Tom or different from him?
2. What do they look like?
3. What do Tim and Tom always wear?
4. How often do they go to a football match?
5. What don't they like?
6. Why is their mother often away from home?

*Read this passage and decide whether these statements are True or False.*

The country is more beautiful than a town and more pleasant to live in. Many people think so, and go to the country for the summer holidays though they cannot live there all the year round. Some have a cottage built in a village so that they can go there whenever they can find the time.

The village green is a wide stretch of grass, and houses or cottages are built round it. Country life is now comfortable and many villages have water brought through pipes into each house. Most villages are so close to some small towns that people can go there to buy what they can't find in the village shops.

1. The town isn't so beautiful as the country.

2. Many people live in the country all the year round.
3. Everyone builds a cottage in the village in order to go there at any time.
4. Country life is now comfortable.
5. It is not far from most villages to some small towns.
6. People can buy everything in the village shops.

### WRITING

*Rewrite the following sentences into another way, using the beginning words*

1. I have learnt English for over five years.

I started .....

2. "You should work hard on English grammar," said my teacher to me.

My teacher said .....

3. The Japanese cars are more expensive than the Chinese ones.

The Chinese cars are .....

4. "Can you repair my bike please?" Lan said to her father

Lan asked her father .....

**ĐỀ 9 – TRƯỜNG THCS NGHĨA HIỆP***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

- |                  |            |              |            |
|------------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. typhoon    | B. recycle | C. supply    | D. typical |
| 2. A. <u>own</u> | B. crowd   | C. know      | D. window  |
| 3. A. concerned  | B. offered | C. increased | D. revised |
| 4. A. definite   | B. quiet   | C. supplies  | D. migrant |

**II. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.**

1. She asked me ..... you this book.  
A. have given      B. her giving      C. to giving      D. to give
2. I prefer city life ..... country life.  
A. than      B. against      C. to      D. over
3. We are playing a game. Why don't you .....?  
A. join in      B. come in      C. get in      D. break in
4. No one else in the class plays the guitar ..... John.  
A. as well      B. so well as      C. as well than      D. as good as
5. Peter ..... in Scotland for ten years. Now he lives in London.  
A. lives      B. has lived      C. lived      D. is living
6. He ..... five gold medals since the beginning of the Sea Games.  
A. has won      B. won      C. wins      D. is winning
7. The students are playing ..... in the schoolyard.  
A. happy      B. happier      C. happiest      D. happily
8. My friend suggested ..... by bus.  
A. to go      B. going      C. go      D. goes

**III. Read the following passage, and then answer the questions.**

Do you have any close friends? I think everybody at least has one close friend in their life. And so do I. I have two close friends, Hanh and Mai. We are in the same class at the primary school, and then secondary school. We are also neighbors, so we spend most of our time in learning and playing together. Hanh is a beautiful girl. She likes reading and she often goes to the library whenever she has free time. Mai isn't as beautiful as Hanh, but she has a lovely smile and looks very healthy. Mai is very sporty. She spends most of her free time doing sports. She is a volleyball star of our school. She is also very sociable and has a good sense of humor. Her jokes always make us laugh. I love both of my friends.

1. How many close friends does the writer have?

.....

2. Is Hanh more beautiful than Mai?

.....

3. What is Mai like?

.....

4. Who likes reading?

.....

**IV. Complete the passage, using the words given in the box**

participate      interesting      helping      recycle      save      recycling

Hoa is excited about the (1)..... activities she is going to do. The Y& Y is having a plan to help the community. She'll (2)..... in its recycling program. In joining this program, she'll collect used paper, glass and empty cans. Then she will send them for (3)..... She hopes that she could (4)..... natural resources and earn some money for her school Y&Y in these activities. She also thinks about participating in either planting trees or flowers or helping the street children.

**V. Use the cue words to write a letter to your pen pal**

*Dear Tim,*

Thank you for your letter. I am pleased to hear you passed the exam

1. I / receive / first semester report / last Friday.

.....

2. I / get / good grades / History / Math / but / English / not be very good.

.....

3. I think / need / try harder / next semester.

.....

4. I / going / Da Lat tomorrow / family.

.....

5. I / send / you / postcard / there.

.....

6. Write / me / soon / me / your news.

.....

*Best wishes,*

*Hong Hoa*

**ĐỀ 10 – TRƯỜNG THCS HOA LƯ***Time allowed: 45 minutes****I/ Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others***

- |                 |              |              |                |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. classmate | B. character | C. grade     | D. place       |
| 2. A. tiger     | B. wife      | C. wisdom    | D. tire        |
| 3. A. folk      | B. hold      | C. photo     | D. neighbor    |
| 4. A. organized | B. lived     | C. concerned | D. established |

***II/ Choose the word whose main stress pattern is placed differently from the rest***

- |                 |              |                |               |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. encourage | B. voluntary | C. assistance  | D. resources  |
| 2. A. delivery  | B. equipment | C. electricity | D. experiment |

***III/ Choose the correct word(s)/ phrase(s) to complete the sentences.***

1. I'm sorry, but you have to cook dinner.....
- |           |            |             |              |
|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| A. myself | B. himself | C. yourself | D. ourselves |
|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
2. They hope they can.....natural resources.
- |            |          |         |         |
|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| A. collect | B. plant | C. keep | D. save |
|------------|----------|---------|---------|
3. Tom is 16. He isn't ..... to drive a car.
- |                 |                 |               |               |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| A. enough young | B. young enough | C. enough old | D. old enough |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
4. When my uncle was young, he used ..... fishing on Sundays.
- |       |         |          |          |
|-------|---------|----------|----------|
| A. go | B. went | C. going | D. to go |
|-------|---------|----------|----------|
5. My sister has been a student at this school.....two years.
- |          |        |       |          |
|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| A. since | B. for | C. in | D. about |
|----------|--------|-------|----------|
6. Many young people are fond .....playing football.
- |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A. in | B. on | C. at | D. of |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
7. You should go to the.....to buy some fish and vegetables
- |           |                |            |            |
|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|
| A. market | B. post office | C. kitchen | D. theater |
|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|

8. You are not allowed to go ..... the museum without paying.

- A. outside                      B. inside                      C. upstairs                      D. downstairs

**IV/ Choose the word or phrase that is not correct**

1. I have knew my English teacher since
2. This is the more interesting book I have ever
3. The boy always spends much time to play
4. I know you worked really hardly this semester.

**V/ Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers**

Today many people learn English. (1).....do all these people learn English? It is not (2).....to answer that question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one (3).....their subjects. Many adults learn English (4).....it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher (5).....because some of their books are in English at the college or (6)..... Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

1. A. What                      B. How                      C. Why                      D. When
2. A. difficult                      B. comfortable                      C. easy                      D. good
3. A. in                      B. on                      C. off                      D. of
4. A. although                      B. because                      C. however                      D. then
5. A. job                      B. work                      C. study                      D. position
6. A. school                      B. university                      C. home                      D. institute

**VI/ Read the passage and check True (T) or False (F)**

England is not a large country. No town in England is very far from the sea, and many English families spend their holidays at the seaside. There are no high mountains in England, no very long rivers, and no very large forests.

There are many towns in England. No town is very far from another. The English countryside between the town is like the carpet of many colors. In spring and summer, the fields, meadows and forests are light green or dark green, red, blue, yellow and white with flowers.

1. England is a small country.
2. There are high mountains in England.



3. There are a lot of towns in England.
4. There are not very long rivers.
5. In spring and summer, the fields and meadows are not light green or dark green.
6. The forests are not colorful.

**VII/ Rewrite these sentences, beginning with the words given**

1. She dislikes going swimming on Sunday. (hate)  
⇒ She .....
2. The doctor said to him, "You should stay in bed for a few days". (said)  
⇒ The doctor.....
3. The teacher said to him, "Come into my office, please." (ask)  
⇒ The teacher .....
4. My grandmother lived in the countryside when she was young. (used)  
⇒ My grandmother .....

**ĐỀ 11 – TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CHÂU TRINH***Time allowed: 45 minutes****I/ Pick out the word that has the pronunciation differently from the others***

- |                        |                           |                             |                    |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. sh <u>ou</u> t   | B. l <u>ou</u> d          | C. gr <u>ou</u> p           | D. ab <u>ou</u> t  |
| 2. A. prom <u>i</u> se | B. rev <u>i</u> se        | C. st <u>i</u> ck           | D. v <u>i</u> sit  |
| 3. A. f <u>u</u> n     | B. l <u>u</u> nc <u>h</u> | C. r <u>u</u> n             | D. h <u>u</u> mor  |
| 4. A. m <u>e</u> nd    | B. sem <u>e</u> ster      | C. l <u>e</u> tt <u>e</u> r | D. r <u>e</u> port |

***II/ Choose the best answer***

1. My teacher asked me ..... English  
A. improve      B. improving      C. improved      D. to improve
2. My aunt and uncle going to Laos..... February  
A. on      B. in      C. at      D. to
3. He soon died of a ..... heart  
A. break      B. broke      C. to break      D. broken
4. We ..... our reports two weeks ago.  
A. receive      B. received      C. receiving      D. to receive
5. I'm very sorry. I know I behaved .....  
A. bad      B. good      C. well      D. badly
6. My father ..... on a farm when he was a young boy  
A. use to living      B. use to live      C. used to live      D. used to living
7. Can you show me the ..... to the nearest bank ?  
A. waying      B. to way      C. ways      D. way
8. What can I do ..... you ?  
A. for      B. in      C. from      D. of

***III/ Use the correct form of the word in brackets for each gap***

1. His parents are very ..... of his intelligent (pride)
2. She sent me a ..... during his vacation in Hue (card)
3. Life is not comfortable without modern ..... (equip)
4. I never climb up the trees. I think it is very ..... (danger )

**IV/ Choose the underlined word or phrase (A,B,C or D) that needs correcting**

1. He is enough strong to carry the heavy luggage.
2. My brother is going to studying in New York next month.

**V/ Read the text carefully, then answer the questions below**

Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth Union is an organization for Vietnamese youth from 15 to 30 years of age. The Youth Union builds good character, love for the nation, and encourages good citizenship, soft skills and personal fitness.

The Youth Union was found on March 26<sup>th</sup> 1931 by the beloved President Ho Chi Minh. It had different names over the years. One of its first names was “ Vietnam Communist Youth Union”. In December 1976, it was officially named as it is called today: Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth Union. However, people normally use the name “ The Youth Union” for short.

The Youth Union, together with other organizations such as The Young Pioneers Organization, the Vietnam Youth Federation, the Vietnam Students Union, often hold social activities such as Helping the Handicapped, Cleaning the Environment, Green Summer Volunteers Campaign, and other similar movements. These activities aim to help the young develop their public awareness and form their personality.

Ever since the Youth Union was founded, its aims and principles, established by President Ho Chi Minh have been the guidelines for the young Vietnamese people of today and tomorrow.

1. At what age can one join the Youth Union?
2. When was the Youth Union founded?
3. What is the complete name of the Youth Union?
4. What do social activities of the Youth Union aim to help?
5. Who established the guidelines for the Vietnamese youth?

**VI/ Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning**

1. Lan said to me: “Turn off the lights, please.”

=> Lan told me .....(reported speech)

2. Nam is very strong .He can lift this table. (enough to)

=> Nam is strong .....

3. My teacher said to me: “You should do your homework carefully.”

=> My teacher said ..... (reported speech).

4. She / learn / this language /since 2008 .

=> She has .....

5. Hung and Ba bought a ball yesterday.

=> They are going .....

**ĐỀ 12 – SỞ GD&ĐT NINH BÌNH***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others**

- |                           |                       |                        |                          |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. organized <u>ed</u> | B. lived <u>ed</u>    | C. concerned <u>ed</u> | D. established <u>ed</u> |
| 2. A. ar <u>ou</u> nd     | B. delici <u>ou</u> s | C. h <u>ou</u> se      | D. gr <u>ou</u> nd       |
| 3. A. buffal <u>o</u>     | B. rop <u>e</u>       | C. wisd <u>o</u> m     | D. cl <u>o</u> thes      |
| 4. A. neighb <u>or</u>    | B. h <u>ol</u> d      | C. ph <u>o</u> to      | D. f <u>o</u> lk         |

**II. Choose the best answers to complete the sentences**

1. We've lived in this neighborhood ..... about ten years.  
A. since                      B. in                      C. for                      D. from
2. She used to .....sweet when she was young.  
A. to eat                      B. eating                      C. ate                      D. eat
3. Lan doesn't like.....soccer, and..... up.  
A. play-wash                      B. playing-washing                      C. plays-washes                      D. playing-wash
4. What do you have.....lunch ?  
A. to                      B. for                      C. in                      D. of
5. I'll try my best .....my English.  
A. improving                      B. improve                      C. improved                      D. to improve
6. I can ride to school by .....  
A. myself                      B. himself                      C. herself                      D. themselves
7. Their team won the game because they played very .....  
A. good                      B. well                      C. badly                      D. bad
8. I ..... a letter from my old friend last week.  
A. received                      B. gave                      C. sent                      D. had
9. They have studied.....6 o'clock.  
A. in                      B. at                      C. for                      D. since

10. She told me.....you that present.

A. giving

B. to give

C. gave

D. given

**III. Use the correct form of the verbs**

1. They were interested in (participate ) ..... in SEAGAMES 22<sup>nd</sup> .

2. They (move)..... to HCM city in 1990 and (live)..... there since then.

3. I (know) .....her since I (work) .....here.

4. My father told me (not stay) .....up too late.

**IV. Underline the mistake parts in the following sentences then correct**

1. In many ways, I always prefer country life than city life.

2. How long do you and your classmates known each other?

3. It will be comfortable to shop in the mall than in the present one.

4. My teacher asked us write new words on pieces of paper.

**V. Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions**

In the first year of lower secondary school, I had some difficulties in learning English. My English pronunciation was really bad and my English grammar was worse. I did not know how to improve them. I didn't want my parents to know about this.

One afternoon after the lesson, my teacher of English told me to wait for her outside the classroom. She took me to the school library and showed me cassettes of pronunciation drills kept in a glass bookcase. She also told me how to use an English – English dictionary to improve my English grammar.

“Now I think you know what you should do”, said he. I made much progress and only one year later, I won the first prize in the English Speaking Contest held for secondary school students in my hometown.

1. What difficulties did Nam have in learning English in the first year?

2. Who wanted to meet him one afternoon after the lesson?

3. Did Nam and his teacher go to the city library?

4. What did Nam win in the English Speaking Contest ?

**VI. Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first ones.**

1. “Please help me with my exercise,” Mai said to Lan.

→ Mai asked Lan .....

2. I last saw Minh six months ago.

→ I haven't .....

3. He is the best student at English in our class.

→ Nobody in our class .....

4. “You shouldn't lend him any money, Mai.” said Hoa.

→ Hoa advised.....

**VII. Complete these sentences using given words.**

1. We / must/not/ let/ children / the kitchen/ because/ it/ dangerous place

2. I / spend/ 2 hours/ day/ study /English

3. Mai / study / English / for / five years /

4. Nam/ improve / his Spanish / since / he / in grade 7. /

**ĐỀ 13 – TRƯỜNG THCS CỰ KHÔI***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Listening: A. Listen and write the missing words. (10. pts)**

Five - coloured sticky rice is an important (1) \_\_\_\_\_ dish of many ethnic minorities in the northern mountainous regions. People call the dish five-coloured sticky rice because it has five colours: red yellow, green, purple and white. The things that (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the colours are not chemicals but natural roots and leaves. The five (3) \_\_\_\_\_ of the dish represent five elements of life according to Vietnamese beliefs: yellow is earth, red is fire, green is (4) \_\_\_\_\_, white is metal, and purple or black is water. People believe that these five elements create harmony between heaven and earth. Five-coloured sticky rice is usually made and enjoyed at Tet, in festivals and ceremonies, on special (5) \_\_\_\_\_, and whenever the family has guests.

**B. Listen to the passage and choose the correct answer. (10. pts)**

- What percentage of Britain's population dream of living in the country?  
A. 18% B. 80% C. 20%
- English village communities are often small and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. close B. poor C. unknown
- Which is village life good for, according to Maggie?  
A. children B. People who have money C. People who don't have money
- People in English villages use private transport \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a little B. less C. more
- The environment of English villages is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. spoil B. not spoilt much C. not safe

**II. Phonetics: A. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest. (4.pts)**

- A. reputation B. possible C. excellent D. difficult
- A. effective B. attention C. children D. approach

**B. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others (4.pts)**

- A. collection B. question C. pollution D. education
- A. arguments B. elephants C. books D. televisions

**III. Grammar & vocab: Choose the word and phrase that best complete each sentence (6.pts).**

- I think An Tiem was very \_\_\_\_\_ to carve the island's name and his own name on the water melon and threw them into the sea.  
A. fierce B. wise C. generous D. mean
- The elder brother was \_\_\_\_\_ when he gave his brother only a starfruit free.  
A. mean B. generous C. clever D. lazy
- According to the \_\_\_\_\_ in England, we have to use a knife and fork at dinner  
A. behaviours B. table ways C. table manners D. differences



4. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food \_\_\_\_\_ he was very poor.  
 A. although B. when C. while D. because
5. While I \_\_\_\_\_ the performance, I met one of my old friends.  
 A. watched B. was watching C. watch D. am watching
6. They love \_\_\_\_\_ late in the morning.  
 A. getting up B. gets up C. to get up D. get up

**IV. Reading: A. Read the following passage and complete it using the given words in the box. (12.pts)**

Which	wrapped	for	visit	clean	before	members
-------	---------	-----	-------	-------	--------	---------

Tet is celebrated on the first day of the Lunar New Year. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese (1) \_\_\_\_\_ their houses and paint the wall. New clothes are brought for the occasion. One or two days (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the festival, people make *Chung* cake, (3) \_\_\_\_\_ is the traditional cake. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family gets together for a dinner. On the New Year morning, all the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ of the family respect to the elders by beautiful words. In return, they receive lucky money (5) \_\_\_\_\_ in red tiny envelopes. Then people go to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ their neighbours, friends and relatives.

**B. Read the passage and answer the questions (8.pts)**

- What do people do on the New Year's Eve?  
→ .....
- When do people make Chung cake?  
→ .....
- When is Tet celebrated?  
→ .....
- What do the Vietnamese do before Tet?  
→ .....

**V. Writing: A. Give the correct form of the verbs. (8.pts)**

- The postman (come) \_\_\_\_\_ while I was having lunch.
- It suddenly began to rain while Linda (sit) \_\_\_\_\_ in the garden.
- When we went out, it (rain) \_\_\_\_\_.
- Thu (talk) \_\_\_\_\_ to her friend, Hoa, on the phone at 8 o'clock last night.

**B. Rewrite the sentences, using the words given in brackets. (4.pts)**

- The tortoise was running. The hare was sleeping. (while)  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- They are both good at speaking English, but Hung speaks better than Nam. (badly)  
Nam speaks English \_\_\_\_\_.

**C. Write a short paragraph about a festival in Viet Nam from 6 to 8 sentences. (14.pts)**  
 (What people do/ what we should (shouldn't) do/ the most popular activities/ your feeling)?

.....

.....

.....

.....

**The end\_ Good luck to you!**

**ĐỀ 14 – PHÒNG GD&ĐT HẢI LĂNG***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.**

- |                          |                      |                       |                       |
|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. <b>men</b> tion    | B. ques <b>ti</b> on | C. ac <b>ti</b> on    | D. educa <b>ti</b> on |
| 2. A. popula <b>te</b> d | B. load <b>e</b> d   | C. harves <b>t</b> ed | D. liv <b>e</b> d     |
| 3. A. commu <b>n</b> ity | B. compu <b>t</b> er | C. muse <b>m</b>      | D. custo <b>m</b> s   |
| 4. A. min <b>or</b> ity  | B. ethn <b>i</b> c   | C. tradi <b>t</b> ion | D. religi <b>o</b> n  |
| 5. A. leisur <b>e</b>    | B. eigh <b>t</b>     | C. celebra <b>t</b> e | D. pena <b>l</b> ty   |

**II. Choose the best answers A, B, C, or D**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ spring comes, many Vietnamese villages prepare for a new festival season.  
A. While                      B. When                      C. Nevertheless                      D. However
2. Thach Sanh was very \_\_\_\_\_ when he let Ly Thong and his mother go back to their home town.  
A. selfish                      B. mean                      C. generous                      D. brave
3. Tet is an occasion for family \_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam.  
A. visitings                      B. meeting                      C. reunions                      D. seeings
4. The girl was crying when a fairy \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. appeared                      B. was appearing                      C. appears                      D. is appearing
5. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ in our family that we have a party on New Year's Eve.  
A. custom                      B. tradition                      C. legend                      D. belief

**III. Find the mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence (A, B, C, or D).**

1. In (A) Australia, you mustn't (B) to comment (C) on a person's accent (D).
2. What (A) ethnic group (B) has (C) a larger (D) population, the Tay or the Ede?
3. When (A) I come (B), the whole family was having (C) dinner around a big dining table (D).
4. We had (A) dinner (B) at (C) 7 o'clock last night (D).

5. Viet Nam is (A) the (B) multicultural country(C) with 54 ethnic groups (D).

**IV. Read and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each gap.**

A farmer was ploughing his field. Sometimes, he shouted at and beat the buffalo that was (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the plough. A tiger happened to stroll along the edge of the field.

“Buffalo, you are so big. (2) \_\_\_\_\_ do you let this weak man beat you?”, he asked.

The buffalo answered, “The man is small (3) \_\_\_\_\_ his wisdom is big.”

The tiger did not understand what wisdom was (4) \_\_\_\_\_ he shouted at the man. “Hey you, man, what is wisdom? Let me see it.”

“Wisdom? Oh, my wisdom (5) \_\_\_\_\_ at home,” replied the man, looking at the tiger’s teeth and claws.

“Go home (6) \_\_\_\_\_ get it. Bring it here so that I can see it,” the tiger ordered.

“Oh, no! I am afraid that you will eat my buffalo (7) \_\_\_\_\_ I am gone. (8) \_\_\_\_\_ you agree to be tied with rope, I will run home and fetch the wisdom.” The tiger agreed. (9) \_\_\_\_\_ fastening the tiger, the farmer beat its back.

“(10) \_\_\_\_\_ is my wisdom. This is my wisdom”, he explained.

- |              |            |             |            |
|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. A. pull   | B. pulling | C. pulled   | D. to pull |
| 2. A. What   | B. How     | C. When     | D. Why     |
| 3. A. and    | B. but     | C. so       | D. or      |
| 4. A. and    | B. but     | C. although | D. so      |
| 5. A. is     | B. are     | C. was      | D. were    |
| 6. A. but    | B. and     | C. so       | D. yet     |
| 7. A. why    | B. while   | C. although | D. if      |
| 8. A. While  | B. Because | C. Although | D. If      |
| 9. A. Before | B. After   | C. Because  | D. But     |
| 10. A. Here  | B. There   | C. She      | D. That    |

**V. Rewrite or combine the sentences, using the suggested words.**

1. Tet is the most important festival in Viet Nam. Most Vietnamese return home for Tet.  
(using *therefore*).

→.....

2. You are Vietnamese you should know the story of Chung cakes.

→If.....

3. All the students love the principal. He is very kind. (using *because*)

→.....

4. A sports car goes faster than an ordinary car. (slowly)

→An ordinary car goes.....

5. He likes to listen to pop music than to watch TV after school.

→ He prefers.....

**ĐỀ 15 - PHÒNG GD&ĐT HÒN ĐẤT***Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Phonetics****1. Put the following words into the appropriate column, then mark the stressed syllable.**

competition   strangers   district   companion   pedestrian

/ion/	/str/

**2. Draw the intonation for each question.**

1. What a beautiful day it is!
2. Are you going to the cinema?
3. Did you take part in the festival?
4. Why do you want to come here?
5. When did you return?

**II. Vocabulary and Grammar****1. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.**

1. While I .....the performance, I met one of my old friends.  
A. watched      B. was watching      C. watch      D. am watching
2. You should buy the blue sweater. It suits you .....than the red one.  
A. good      B. well      C. better      D. the best
3. The ..... of *quan ho* singing has been recognized as a world heritage.  
A. preservation      B. procession      C. song      D. performance
4. Saint *Giong* was unable to talk, smile, or walk ..... he was three years old.

A. even though      B. because      C. while      D. if

5. It's a rule, so everyone .....strictly follow it.

A. doesn't have to      B. shouldn't      C. has to      D. should

**2. Identify a mistake in each sentence and correct it.**

1. Viet Nam is an multicultural country with 54 ethnic group.

2. We speak English fluent now than last year.

3. We broke with tradition by make sponge cakes for the Mid-Autumn Festival instead of mooncakes.

4. You has to take off your hats when you go to the pagoda.

6. I don't like this performance although it's too boring

**III. Reading**

***Read the fairy tale Cinderella and do the tasks below.***

Once upon a time there was a young girl called Cinderella. Cinderella was living happily with her family when her mother died. Her father married an evil widow with two daughters. Cinderella's stepmother and two stepsisters mistreated her. She had to wear old clothes and work hard while the sisters wore fancy clothes and had fun. A good witch helped Cinderella. She turned Cinderella's old dress into a beautiful gown. Cinderella went to a party and a handsome prince politely invited her to dance with him. He fell in love with her and wanted to find out who she was. Cinderella left the party in a hurry and didn't tell the prince her name. but she left a glass slipper, and the prince used that to find her. They got married and lived happily ever after.

**Answer true (T) or false (F)**

- a. Cinderella was living happily with her family when her mother died.
- b. Her father married a kind woman.
- c. Her stepmother and two stepsisters were very kind to her.
- d. The prince got married to the girl who fitted the left glass slipper.

**Answer the questions**

- 1. What did Cinderella's father do when his wife died?
- 2. How did Cinderella's stepmother and two stepsisters treat her?

3. Who turned Cinderella's old clothes into a beautiful gown?
4. What did the prince use to find Cinderella?
5. What happened in the end?

#### IV. Writing

**1. Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence, using the words given in brackets**

1. We won't hold the festival. It costs too much money. (IF)

→ .....

2. The tortoise was running. The hare was sleeping. (WHILE)

→ .....

3. The girl worked hard. Her stepmother wasn't happy. (ALTHOUGH)

→ .....

4. The Buffalo- fighting Festival took place in Do Son last Saturday. There were so many people. (BECAUSE)

→ .....

**2. Read the situation and complete the sentences with the right comparative form of the adverbs in brackets.**

1. A lion can run 100km/hr while a horse can run 80km/hr. (fast)

→ A lion can run.....

2. They are both good at speaking English, but Hung speaks better than Nam. (badly)

→ Nam speaks English .....

3. The Eagle team performed more successfully than the Tiger team. (successfully)

→ The Tiger team performed.....

4. A sports car goes faster than an ordinary car. (slowly)

→ An ordinary car goes.....