**MA TRẬN ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA KÌ I**

**Môn : Tiếng Anh** 8

***Matrix:***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tên chủ đề** | **Nhận biết** | | **Thông hiểu** | | **Vận dụng** | | | | **Cộng** |
| TNKQ | TL | TNKQ | TL | **Vận dụng** | | **Vận dụng** cao | |
| TNKQ | TL | TNKQ | TL |
| **PHONETICS  LEXICO-GRAMMAR** | - Phonetics  - Vocabulary unit 1,2,3  - Grammar   * Gerund * comparative * a/an/the * Questions |  |  |  |  | - word form |  |  |  |
| *Số câu hỏi* | *8* |  |  |  |  | *2* |  |  | *10* |
| *Số điểm* | *2*  *(20%)* |  |  |  |  | *0,5*  *(5%)* |  |  | *2,5*  *(25%)* |
| **II.**  **Reading**  *10 câu*  2,5p |  |  | **Life in the countryside** | **Peoples of Viet Nam** |  |  |  |  |  |
| *Số câu hỏi* |  |  | *5* | *5* |  |  |  |  | *10* |
| *Số điểm* |  |  | *1.25*  *(12.5%)* | *1.25*  *(12.5%)* |  |  |  |  | *2,5*  *(25%)* |
| **III. Writing**  *5 câu*  2,5pt |  |  |  |  |  | - Comparative  - Gerund  - questions |  | Write a passage of (120-150 words ) about the change of Vietnamese countryside or your village , hometown |  |
| *Số câu hỏi* |  |  |  |  |  | *4* |  | *1* | *5* |
| *Số điểm* |  |  |  |  |  | *1,5*  *(15%)* |  | *1*  *(10%)* | *2,5*  *(25%)* |
| **IV. Listening**  *7 câu*  2,5pt |  | **Peoples of Viet Nam** | **leisure activities** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *Số câu hỏi* |  | *5* | *5* |  |  |  |  |  | *10* |
| *Số điểm* |  | *1.25*  *(12.5%)* | *1.25*  *(12.5%)* |  |  |  |  |  | *2,5*  *(25%)* |
| **TS câu hỏi** | ***8*** | ***5*** | ***10*** | ***5*** |  | ***6*** |  | ***1*** | **35** |
| **TS điểm** | ***2***  ***(20%)*** | ***1.25***  ***(12.5%)*** | ***2,5***  ***(25%)*** | ***1.25***  ***(12.5%)*** |  | ***2***  ***(20%)*** |  | ***1***  ***(10%)*** | **10**  **100 %** |

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 1**

***I. Choose the word having the underlined letters pronounced differently***

1. A. how B. hour C. humorous D. hair
2. A. visited B. heated C. locked D. corresponded
3. A. generous B. reserved C. device D. experiment
4. A. study B. music C. fun D. subject

***II. Choose the best answer***

1. It is really a difficult test but we will try to do it \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. ourself B. ourselves C. itself D. itselves

2. You are too thin. You \_\_\_\_\_\_ to eat more.

A. ought B. has C. should D. must

3. We live in a house \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the store

A. on B. in C. under D. next

4. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_\_ a message ?

A. leave B. to leave C. leaving D. to leaving

5. My father has a good \_\_\_\_\_\_ of humor , so everyone likes to talk to him.

A. feeling B. sense C. knowledge D. memory

6. A: Is she going to drive a car? B: No, she’s \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. not enough old to drive a car B. enough not old to drive a car

C. not old enough to drive a car D. enough old to drive a car

***III. Give the correct form of the verbs***

1. The sun ( rise ) in the East and sets in the west..
2. I’m going (tell) my parents about the result of my exam.
3. What time (you / go ) to the market tomorrow ?.
4. Last night , my children (make ) a lot of noise , so I couldn’t sleep.

***IV. Give the correct form of the words in brackets***

1. I am\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have a friend like you. (luck)
2. My brother like reading and he has got a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_ book (interest)
3. My parents enjoys the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the countryside. (peaceful)
4. Alexander is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the telephone . (invent)

***V. Read and answer the questions***

Peter is my pen pal. He is fifteen years old. He lives in a house in London. He has lived there for ten years. He is an excellent student. He always works hard at school and gets good marks. He loves learning Vietnamese in his free time. He often practices writing letters in Vietnamese. Sometimes he helps me to correct my writing, and I help him to correct his spelling mistakes. Next summer, he is going to visit Ho Chi Minh City with his family. I’m expecting to see him.

1. Where does he live?
2. What does he like doing in his free time?

3.. Does he often practice Vietnamese by writing and reading?

4. Where is he going to do next summer ?

***VI. Complete the passage with the suitable words in the box***

## interesting visit because and neighbor autumn

Lan was Hoa’s next-door (1)…….in Bac Giang. She is very beautiful. She has big brown eyes and a lovely smile. Last summer ,she went to Da Lat to (2)………Hoa. They traveled around the city and saw a lot of (3) ………….places such as waterfalls, flower gardens. Hoa likes living in Da Lat. Lan also likes living there........(4)......... Da Lat is a very beautiful place and quiet . Lan is going to visit Hoa next summer and she will be there during the summer.

***VII. Use the following words to write meaningful sentences***

1.Why / not / he / go / movie theater / last night ?

1. We/ enjoy/ tell/ jokes.
2. I/ going/ see/ John/ tonight.
3. She/ often/ have/ short holiday/ Christmas.

***VIII. Write the second sentence so that it has a same meaning as the first***

1. Tom wasn’t hard-working. He couldn’t get good marks.

=> Tom wasn’t ………………………………….……

1. Her hair is long and black.

=> She has ……………………………………………

1. My father smoked a lot 5 years ago but now he gives it up.

=> My father used........................................................

1. Swimming across this river is dangerous.

=> It is …………………………………………………

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**Đề 2**

***I. Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.***

1. A. tiger B. fire C. stripe D. prince
2. A. graze B. past C. tale D. name
3. A. folder B. cover C. mobile D. wardrobe
4. A. drug B. cupboard C. sure D. buffalo
5. A. looked B. happened C. appeared D. tied

***II. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.***

1. Mark\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ long hair when he was a teenager.

A. had B. have C. has D. was having

7. Many people wear new clothes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Easter too.

A. in B. at C. on D. when

8. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gardening, but I don’t have time for it now.

A. use to enjoy B. use to enjoying C. used to enjoy D. used to enjoying

9. Look!Namis playing very well. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. is winning B. is going to win C. will win D. wins

10. He spends most of his time\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ charity work.

A. did B. do C. doing D. does

11. We’ll organize a party \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ May 27th.

A. between B. in C. on D. at

***III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in Standard English.***

1. Late at Christmas Eve, Santa comes down the chimney and puts presents under the tree.
2. My sister uses to play tennis a lot but she doesn’t play very often now.
3. How could you be so cruel with someone who never did you any harm?
4. Mozart start composing at the age of five and wrote more than 600 pieces of music.
5. I used to live on the farm when I am a small boy.

***IV. Complete the passage below by using the words in the box.***

Shop get help parents flowers

I (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_up at 6 every morning and help my dad. He has a flowers (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so he has to be at the flower market by four. Then when he comes we unload all the (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_into the shop. I usually take telephone orders for him so he knows what he has to deliver that day. Then I make a cup of tea for my mum while she’s still in bed, get my breakfast and go to school. On the weekend I work in the shop on Saturday and (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_my mother and arrange the flowers in the church on Sunday. Then on Sunday I go to church in the morning and the evening with my (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***V. Read the following passage and choose the item (A, B, C, or D) that best answers each of the questions about it.***

Once upon a time, there is a girl called Little Red Riding Hood, because of the red hood she always wears. The girl walks through the woods to give her grandmother some food. A wolf wants to eat the girl but is afraid to do so ***in public*** (sometimes there are woodcutters watching). ***So***, he suggests the girl to pick some flowers, which she does. After that, he goes to the grandmother’s house. **He** eats the grandmother, and waits for the girl, disguised as the grandmother. When the girl arrives, he eats her too. A woodcutter, however, comes to the house and cuts the wolf open. Little Red Riding Hood and her grandmother come out unharmed.

1. Why is the girl called Little Red Riding Hood?

A. Because she likes red. B. Because she always wears a red hood.

C. Because she is little. D. no information

2. What does the phrase “***in public***” in line 4 mean?

A. in the woods B. immediately

C. when other people are there D. soon

3. What does the word “***He”*** in line 5 refer to?

A. the woodcutter B. the wolf

C. the girl’s grandfather D. no information

4. Little Red Riding Hood \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. walks through the woods
2. wants to give her grandmother some food
3. picks some flowers
4. all are correct

5. Which of the following is not true?

1. The wolf gives Little Red Riding Hood some flowers.
2. Sometimes, there are woodcutters in the wood.
3. A woodcutter saves the girl and her grandmother.
4. The girl and her grandmother are not dead.

***VI.******Arrange the following words into a complete sentence.***

1. We / study / ought / harder / to.

……………………………………………………………………………………….

1. The weather / enough / fine / is / for them / a picnic / to have / in the countryside.

……………………………………………………………………………………….

1. Mr Nam/ in / now / his office/ is.

……………………………………………………………………………………….

1. They / going / to / are / see / a movies / tonight.

………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. Alexander Graham Bell / in 1876 / introduced / the telephone

……………………………………………………………………………………….

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**Đề 3**

***I. Circle the best answer***

1. Who repaired the bicycle for you? - Nobody. I repaired it………….

A. itself B. myself C. yourself D. himself

2. …………….does your new English teacher look like? - She’s tall and thin.

A. How B. Who C. What D. Which

3. We can find the ………………… under the sink in the kitchen.

A. armchair B. cushion C. bookshelf D. saucepan

4. When were you born? – I was born …………. November 8th  2000.

A. to B. on C. at D. in

5. Ms Jackson said Tim………….harder on his Spanish pronunciation.

1. ought to worked C. ought to working
2. should work D. should working

6. Can I speak to Mary, please? -………………………………

A. Keep the phone B. Wait the phone C. Hold on D. Stay there ten minutes

7. Yesterday Tim’s mother received a ………….from his teacher.

A. card report B. call report C. report card D. report call

8. After her father died, Little Pea ………….do chores all day.

A. had to B. have to C. don’t have to D. doesn’t have

9. Should we put all the dangerous objects out of children’s…………………..…..?

A. knives B. feet C. reach D. beads

10. His ………..……….. always makes people laugh.

A. sense of humor B. quite C. reserved D. shy ***II. Give the correct form of verbs in brackets.***

1. Let’s (meet)………………….outside the garden of the club.
2. The sun (rise)…………….……. in the east and sets in the west.
3. What (be )………………….the weather like yesterday? – It was cloudy and rainy.
4. After dinner Mom (light)………………….and Dad used to tell us stories.
5. What …………. Nga ………… (play) at present? She is playing the violin in the living room.
6. Peter just bought a novel last week. He (read)………………….next Sunday.

***III. Read and answer the following questions***

Joan Chen is famous both in China, where he grew up, and in the United States, where she now lives. How did Joan become a famous actress in both countries?

It’s an interesting story. She was born in Shanghai in 1961. When she was 14, some people from the studio came to her school and choose her to study at the studio. She was happy about this chance, but mainly she liked the idea of getting out of school. Soon, however, she discovered that she really liked acting. At the age of 18, she won the Golden Rooster, China’s top film award.

In the late 1970s, Joan’s parents, who were doctors, moved to the United States. Joan joined them when she was 20 and went to college there. Her parents hope she would study medicine. Instead she majored in films and later she looked for work as an actress.

*Decide True or False.*

1. When Joan Chen was fourteen, some people from the hospital came to her school.
2. She didn’t feel happy to take this chance. She likes school very much.
3. Her parents wanted her to study medicine, but she majored in films.
4. Her parents were journalists.

*Answer the questions.*

1/ Where is Joan Chen famous?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

2/ Where did she grow up?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

3/ What happened to her at the age of eighteen? ………………………………………………………………………………………………

4/ Were her parents nurses?

..……………………………………………………………………………………………..

5/ When did Joan Chen and her family move to the United States?

..……………………………………………………………………………………………..

6/ Did she look for a job as an engineer?

..……………………………………………………………………………………………..

***IV. Rewrite the sentences so that they have the same meaning as the first. Use the given cues***

1. Tim’s mother said to Tim : “Turn off the radio.”

Tim’s mother told ………….……………………….(indirect speech)

1. This coat isn’t warm. I cannot wear it in winter.

This coat ..................................................................... (enough)

1. You have beautiful hair.

Your hair......................................................................

1. I lived on the farm with my grandma ten years ago.

Ten years ago I used to.................................................

***V. Choose the word that is stressed differently from the others***

1. A. chemical B. scissors C. medicine D. precaution
2. A. pronunciation B. invention C. demonstration D. communication

***VI. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others***

1. A. missed B. washed C. called D. watched
2. A. character B. chemical C. school D. change

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**Đề 4**

***I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.***

1. A. color B. hole C. go D. toe
2. A. heat B. bean C. head D. team
3. A. helped B. booked C. needed D. missed
4. A. time B. big C. live D. sit
5. A these B. brother C. thank D. that

***II. Choose the best word or phrase that completes each unfinished sentences.***

1. I spend most of my time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my friends.

A. with B. at C. together D. for

2. The earth \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the sun, doesn’t it?

A. move B. moving C. moves D. to move

3. You seem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Peter.

A. happy B. happiness C. happily D. happyly

4. She isn’t old \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be in my class

A. so that B. enough C. for D. that

5. My father has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. short hair black B. short black hair

C. black short hair D hair short black

6. I’m going \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the movie at 8 this evening

A. see B. seeing C. to seeing D. to see

7. It’s difficult for old people to walk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or downstairs.

A. upstairs B. downstairs C. inside D. outside

8. My sister doesn’t talk much in public. He’d rather\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. kind B. reserved C. sociable D. humorous

9. What is Mary doing, mom? - She is looking at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the mirror.

A. her B. heirs C. she herself D. herself

10. He had to stay at home \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he was ill.

A. so B. because C. as soon as D. until ***III. Match A with B for suitable***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A | B |
| 1. Shall we go out for dinner tonight? 2. Is 8 a.m OK? 3. Would you like to go to the cinema with me? 4. Can I speak to Nam please? 5. Let me help you do the housework? | 1. Yes, that’s fine 2. That’s a good idea 3. Certainly 4. That’s very kind of you 5. Yes, I’d love to |

***IV. Read the passage then answer the questions.***

Michael Jackson was born inIndiana, USA on 29th August 1958. He was the son of Kathy Jackson and Joe Jackson. Michael was one of 9 children, 6 boys and 3 girls. His parents taught all of the children to play musical instruments and they formed a band, The Jackson

Five. They became famous in the Chicago in 1969. The first solo album of Michael was “Off the Wall” in 1979. It was the best seller and four tracks from the album were Top Ten hits.

1. Was Michael Jackson born in England?
2. Who were his parents?
3. Did he have any brothers?
4. When did they become famous?
5. What was his first solo album?

***V. Write a question for each situation. Use the words in bracket***

1. Mr and Mrs Vui are going shopping this afternoon( What/ they/ buy?)
2. Ha is going to a party tonight( What/ she./ wear?)
3. He is tall and thin ( What/ he/ look like?)
4. Because I played computer games( Why/ you/ fail / Engilish test?)

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**Đề 5**

***I/ Choose the word whose underlined part having different pronunciation from the others***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. A. **ch**emical | B. **ch**aracter C. **Ch**ristmas D. **ch**ildren |
| 2. A. c**ou**ch | B. **ou**ght C. c**ou**nter D. h**ou**se |
| 3. A. reserv**ed** | B. stay**ed** C. seem**ed** D. visited |

4. A. **e**migrate B. t**e**levision C. **e**xperiment D. **e**xhibition ***II/ Choose the best answer for the following sentences***

1. There is a refrigerator, a table, a stove and a………….in the kitchen.

A. Fax machine B. cupboard C. bookshelf D. public telephone

2. Bao spends his free time ………………….volunteer work at a local orphanage

A. Do B. to do C. doing D. does

3. “Hello,Nam. This is my cousin, Thu.” –“……………………………”

A. Hello, thank you. B. It’s my pleasure. C. It’s great. D. How do you do, Thu

4. Alexander Graham Bell was born………….. March 3, 1847.

A. to B. on C. at D. in

5. Lan is not old ………….. to ride her bike to school.

A. enough B. too C. much D. such

6. Mrs Vui is going to be home late.Namhas to cook dinner ……………………. .

A. herself B. himself C. themselves D. myself

7. After his mother and father died, the boy had to live in the local ……………………

A. orphanage B. post office C. school D. library

8. Can I speak toNancy, please?

A. No, you can’t B. Yes, please. C. I’m sorry. She’s out. D. Thank you.

9. We ought .............. up early.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. get B. to get C. getting 10. You should paint the house........................ | D. got |
| A. your B. yourself C. myself | D. herself |

***III/ Give the correct form of verbs***

1. The sun ( rise )……………………………in the East.
2. My brother (paint)……………… this picture yesterday.
3. Nien wasn’t old enough (be) …………………….. in my class.
4. There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It (rain)……………………

***IV/ Supply the correct form of the word in Capital letters for each gap in the following sentences.***

1. This coffee is too ................... to drink. (HEAT)
2. I can’t tell the ………… between the twins. (DIFFER)
3. A fairy appeared and ……… changed Miss Tam’s rags into beautiful clothes. (MAGIC)
4. He drove ………… and he had an accident. (CARE)

***V/ Read the passage, then do the exerces below***

On March 3, 1847, Alexander Graham Bell was born in Edinburgh. He was a Scotman although he later emigrated first to Canada and then to the USA in the 1870. In America, he worked with deaf-mutes at Boston University. Soon, Bell started experimenting with ways of transmitting speech over a long distance. This led to the invention of the telephone. Bell and his assistant, Thomas Watson, conducted many experiments and finally came up with a device with they first introduced in 1876.Bellsaid on the phone “Mr.Watson, come here, I want you”. This was the first telephone message. Traveling all over America, Bell demonstrated his invention to the public at countless exhibitions and by 1877 the fist telephone was in commercial use.

*True or False*

1. Alexander G.Bell was born inScotland.
2. He moved to The USA first.
3. Thomas Watson is his assistant .
4. He demonstrated his telephone to the public in 1876.

*Answer the questions.*

1. When was Alexander Graham Bell born ?
2. Who was his assistant?
3. When did Bell invent the telephone?

***VI/ Rewrite the sentences so that it means the same as the first one, beginning with the given words***

1. They intend to visit Nha Trang next week (using “be going to”).

They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Lan’s hair is long and black

Lan has\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. You should stay in bed and take a rest

You ought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. He isn’t tall. He can’t stick the picture above the window.

(Combine the sentences using “enough”)

He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**Đề 6**

***I. Chọn từ mà phần gạch chân có cách phát âm khác các từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. A. equipment B. socket C. customer | D. sentence |
| 2. A. enough B. brought C. ought | D. course |
| 3. A. choose B. kitchen C. chemical | D. chore |
| 4. A. buffalo B. wisdom C. clothes | D. rope |
| 5. A. match B. pan C. transmit  ***II. Chọn đáp án đúng cho mỗi câu sau.***  6. Yesterday, I ……… to the cinema. | D. safety |
| A. go B. will go C. went | D. gone |

7. On the left …… the picture, you can see his grandmother, Jane Cryer.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. to B. from  8. She fell and hurt ……… | C. on | D. of |
| A. her B. herself | C. himself | D. myself |

9. Let’s go to the theater this evening.

A. Let us B. Let me C. You should D. Would you like

10. They ……… buy a new car next month.

A. are going to B. will C. is going to D. A & B

11. My sister and I ……… the cartoons on TV every Saturday last summer.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. watch B. watched 12. Water ……… at 1000oC. | C. watches | D. watching |
| A. boil B. boiling 13. I live ……… 20 Oxford Street. | C. boils | D. is boiling |
| A. at B. in | C. on | D. from |

14. Her new glasses change her ………..

A. appear B. appearance C. appears D. appearances

15. I tried her name but I couldn’t.

A. remember B. remembering C. to remember D. remembered

16. I ……… badminton but I don’t time have for it now.

A. use to play B. used to playing C. use to playing D. used to play

17. He decided .......... what would happen.

A. to stay and see B. staying and seeing

C. to stay and seeing D. saying and see

18. He was late, but fortunately his friends waited for him.

A. luckily B. magically C. cruelly D. lately

19. You \_\_\_\_\_\_ write on the walls.

A. have to B. must C. don’t have to D. must not

20. Are Christ going to close his shop early ?

A. last night B. tonight C. last month D. yesterday

***III. Tìm lỗi sai trong mỗi câu sau.***

1. That man is (A) going to gets (B) wet because (C) he doesn’t (D) have an umbrella.
2. Once when I was (A) ten, I used to get sick (B) and went (C) to (D) the hospital.
3. Lan is (A) not going to (B) buy a big (C) house yesterday (D).
4. Nam doesn’t have to (A) take his (B) medicine yesterday because (C) he was better (D).
5. We took all (A) the rubbish outside (B) and burn (C) it (D).

***IV. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn đáp án đúng cho mỗi thông tin.***

Once a poor farmer had a daughter named Little Pea. After his wife died, the farmer married again. His new wife had a daughter, Stout Nut. Unfortunately, the new wife was very cruel to Little Pea. Little Pea had to do chores all day. This made Little Pea’s father very upset. He soon died of a broken heart.

Summer came and went. In the fall, the village held its harvest festival. That year, everyone was excited as the prince wanted to choose his wife from the village. Stout Nut’s mother made her new clothes for her, but poor Little Pea had none.

However, before the festival started, a fairy appeared and magically changed Little Pea’s rags into beautiful clothes.

As Little Pea ran to the festival, she dropped one of her shoes and lost it. When the prince found the shoe, he decided to marry he girl who owned it. Of course the shoe fitted Little Pea, and the prince immediately fell in love with her.

26. Little Pea’s father was a ....... and her mother died when she was young.

A. rich farmer B. poor farmer C. rich worker D. poor worker

27. What does “His” in the first line refer to?

A. Little Pea’s father. B. Little Pea’s brother

C. A fairy D. The prince

28. Stout Nut’s mother made new clothes for ……… before the festival.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. herself B. Stout Nut C. Little Pea 29. The village held its harvest festival in the …….. | D. the prince |
| A. fall B. summer C. spring 30. Which following sentence is NOT true? | D. winter |

1. Little Pea’s father died of a broken heart because he was very upset about his new wife.
2. Little Pea’s step mother made her do chores all day.
3. Little Pea’s mother made new clothes for Little Pea and Stout Nut before the festival.
4. The prince decided to marry Little Pea.
5. ***Chọn đáp án đúng để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn.***

Once a farmer lived a (31)……….. life with his family. His chicken laid many eggs which the farmer used (32) ......... to buy food and clothing for his family. One day, he went to collect the eggs and discovered one of the chickens (33) ........... a gold egg. He shouted excitedly to his wife, “We’re rich! We’re rich!”. His wife ran to him and they both looked at the egg in amazement. The wife wanted more, so her husband decided (34) …….. open all the chickens and find more gold eggs. Unfortunately, he couldn’t find any eggs. When he finished, all the chickens were dead. There (35)……… no more eggs of any kind for the foolish farmer and his greedy wife.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 31. A. comfort B. comfortable | C. unhappily | D. happily |
| 32. A. sell B. selling | C. sold | D. to sell |
| 33. A. lay B. laid | C. to lay | D. laying |
| 34. A. to cut B. cutting | C. cut | D. to cutting |
| 35. A. wasn’t B. was | C. weren’t | D. were |

1. ***Viết các câu sau theo gợi ý.***

1. I didn’t go to school in the morning last year so I got up late.

I used ……………………………………………………………….

1. Lan is only ten years old. She isn’t in my class. (enough)

Lan isn’t ……………………………………………………………

1. Last night / she / come home / 10.30 and 11.00.

………………………………………………………………………

1. They plan to invite him for dinner tonight. (be going to)

They …………………………………………………………………

1. Driving too fast is dangerous.

It’s …………………………………………………………………..

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 7**

**A. Listening**

**I. Listen and fill 1 word in each blank.**

Pete: (1) **\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

Linda: Can I speak to Pete, please?

Pete: Hello, Linda.

Linda: I’m going to (2) **\_\_\_\_\_\_** the movie Dream City at 6.45 this evening. Would you like to come?

Pete: Of course, but wait a minute. I have to ask my aunt and she’s (3) **\_\_\_\_\_**. Hold on... ok, Linda Aunt Mary says I can go. Oh, where's it on?

Linda: At National Cinema Centre. It's a bit far from your house, I'm afraid.

Pete: Well, I know where it is, but I'm using my (4) **\_\_\_\_\_**'s bike tonight.

Linda: OK, Pete. Let’s meet (5) **\_\_\_\_\_\_** the theatre.

Pete: Is 6.30 all right?

Linda: That's fine. See you at 6.30. Bye.

Susan: Bye, Linda.

**Question 1.** \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 2.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 4.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 5.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_

**II.** **Listen and decide if the following statements are True (T) or False (F)**

**Question 6.**  Online games bring lots of advantages and disadvantages.

**Question 7.**  Most parents object to their children playing online games.

**Question 8.**  Playing online games is bad for children’s learning.

**Question 9.**  Online games help us expand the relationship.

**Question 10.**  More and more teenagers have to wear glasses because of playing games too much.

**B. Grammar**

**III.** **Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

**Question 11.**

**A.** harmful                          **B.** slowly

**C.** cloudy                            **D.** unique

**Question 12.**

**A.** worship                          **B.** belong

**C.** enjoy                              **D.** behave

**Question 13.**

**A.** alternate                        **B.** entertain

**C.** symbolize                      **D.** cultivate

**Question 14.**

**A.** heritage                         **B.** museum

**C.** decorate                        **D.** blackberry

**Question 15.**

**A.** minorities                      **B.** populated

**C.** activity                          **D.** experience

**IV.** **Use the correct form of the words in brackets to finish the sentences.**

**Question 16.** Terraced rice fields in Sa Pa are slopes claimed for cultivation in hilly or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ areas. (mountain)

**Question 17.** For the Muong, rice is also the main \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crop. (agriculture)

**Question 18.** The Muong call their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ calendar “sach doi”, which is made from 12 bamboo sticks that represent the 12 months. (tradition)

**Question 19.** Viet Nam is a country of tremendous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with 54 ethnic groups. (diverse)

**Question 20.**The ethnic minority groups in Viet Nam have been living in \_\_\_\_\_\_ coexistence. (peace)

**V.** **Fill in each blank with “a”, “an”, or “the” to complete the following passage.**

**(21)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ history of Da Nang Museum of Cham Sculpture started in 1891 when **(22)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ French scientist began to collect Cham sculptures that had been discovered in scattered areas of Quang Nam Province and brought them to Da Nang.

**(23)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ first museum building was designed by French architects, and construction began in 1915 and was finished by May 1916. **(24)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Museum has played **(25)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ important role in preserving sculpture items featuring the cultural, spiritual and ritual lives of the Cham people.

**VI.** **Complete each blank in the following passage with the correct word/ phrase from the box.**

use          designs         colors           slope

stream         tribe          takes           image

**Cat Cat Village – Sa Pa**

Cat Cat Village is located on the Muong Hoa Valley, this is the village of Hmong hill **(26)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It’s not far from Sa Pa Town, about 3 km and it **(27)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you 45 minutes to walk here. The village is on the **(28)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the hill and easy walking, rice and corn are grown here. Visiting Cat Cat Village, we can have a chance to visit a big waterfall on the **(29)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the old Hydro-electric Power Station built by the French here. We can also see the **(30)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of young women sitting by looms with colourful pieces of brocade decorated with designs of flowers and birds. When these pieces of brocade are finished, they are dyed and embroidered with beautiful **(31)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is interesting that Hmong women **(32)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plants and leaves to dye these brocade fabrics. And then they roll a round and smooth section of wood covered with wax on fabrics to polish them, making their **(33)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ durable.

**VII.** **Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank in the following passage.**

I live in a small village called Northville. There are about 2000 people here. I love the village **(34)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is very quiet and life is slowly and easy. The village is always clean; people look **(35)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it with great care. The air is always clean, too. People are much more friendly here than in city because everyone **(36)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the others, and if someone has a problem, there are always people who can help.

There are only a few things that I don’t like about Northville. One thing is that we have  not  got  many  things  to  do  in  the  evening;  we  haven’t  got  **(37)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cinemas or theaters. The other thing is that people always talk about **(38)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and everyone knows what everyone is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a big city.

**Question 34.**

**A.** so                                   **B.** although

**C.** because                          **D.** but

**Question 35.**

**A.** for                                  **B.** at

**C.** up                                  **D.** after

**Question 36.**

**A.** knows                            **B.** know

**C.** is knowing                      **D.** knew

**Question 37.**

**A.** little                              **B.** some

**C.** any                               **D.** few

**Question 38.**

**A.** others                           **B.** other

**C.** another                         **D.** one another

**VIII.** **Complete the following sentences using the cue words**

**Question 39.** Women/ dance and beat/ rhythm/ the same time.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 40.** They/ embroider and decorate/ clothes/  beautifully.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 8**

1. ***Choose the word whose the underlined part is pronounced differently from those of the others.***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. humor B. buffalo | C. uncle | D. cupboard |
| 2. A. tiger B. device | C. kind | D. furniture |
| 3. A. deaf B. leave | C. peace | D. clean |
| 4. A. takes B. works | C. spends | D. looks |
| 5. A. lived B. wanted | C. agreed | D. arranged |

1. ***Choose the best answer to complete the following sentences.***

1. The sun \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the east.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. up B. goes  2. The poster is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the wall. | C. sets | D. rises |
| A. in B. at | C. on | D. for |

3. Lan failed the final exam. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to study harder.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. must B. should C. ought 4. Lan is strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for her to play sports. | D. will |
| A. enough B. too C. much | D. such |

5. Tuan isn’t upstairs. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. outside B. inside C. downstairs D. her

6. He looks at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the mirror.

A. herself B. himself C. themselves D. myself

7. Look at the sky. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_rain

A. is going to B. is C. would D. has to

8. “Hello, Nam. This is my cousin, Thu.” –“ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Hello, thank you. B. Nice to meet you, too.

C. It’s great D. How do you do, Thu

9. Let’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_outside the theater.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. meet B. met C. to meet 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are you going to get there? – By bus. | D. meeting |
| A. What B. When C. How 11. She isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to carry all those boxes . | D. Where. |
| A. strong enough B. enough strong C. too strong 12. What does your friend look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? | D. stronger |
| A. likes B. like C. likely | D. liking. |

13. I don’t have enough money\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. buying a new car B. to a play

C. go a holiday D. to buy a new car

14. Lan\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a bad cold yesterday.

A. was have B. has C. had D. having.

15. Nam watered the plants \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. myself B. himself C. herself D. ourselves ***III. Write the correct form of the verb in the brackets.***

1. I have bought two tickets. My wife and I (see) .................................. a movie tonight.
2. She (eat) .................................. a lot of ice-cream yesterday.
3. My dad usually (drink) .................................. alcohol a lot when he was young.
4. The Sun (rise) .................................. in the East and (set) .................................. in the

West.

1. I’m lucky enough (have) .................................. a lot of friends.

***IV. Write the correct form of the word in the brackets.***

1. The kitchen is a .................................. place. (danger)
2. There’s a very .................................. film on TV tonight. (interest)
3. People in my country are very warm and .................................. . (friend)
4. They enjoyed the .................................. summer evenings in the countryside. (peace)
5. Those cats look ................................... (love)

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 9**

**A.** **Listening**

**I. Listen and decide if the following statements are True (T) or False (F)**

**Question 1.**  Maria thinks life in the city is more interesting than that in the countryside.

**Question 2.**David says that city is less dangerous than the countryside.

**Question 3.**The people in the countryside aren't as open as those in the city.

**Question 4.**  The country is quieter than the city.

**Question 5.**Maria thinks the city is more fun than the country.

**II. Choose the correct answer.**

**Question 6.** Who did Nam visit the countryside with? 

**A.** his parents

**B.** his classmates

**C.** his family

**D.** his schoolmates

**Question 7.**How long did they get there?  

**A.** Two hours

**B.** Three hours

**C.** One hour

**D.** Thirty minutes

**Question 8.**  What do Trung’s parents do? 

**A.** workers

**B.** teachers

**C.** farmers

**D.** shopkeepers

**Question 9.**  What did Nam and his friends do in the countryside?

**A.**herding the buffaloes

**B.**flying kites and going swimming.

**C.**doing gardening

**D**. harvesting the rice and loading in the buffalo-drawn cart.

**Question 10.**How does Nam think of the countryside? 

**A.**  It  is more peaceful than the city.

**B.**  It is modern and entertaining

**C.**  It is not as beautiful and interesting as the city

**D.**  It has more beautiful and interesting places than in the town.

**B. Grammar**

**III. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box.**

vast                    peaceful             nomadic

inconvenient         hospitable          quiet

safe          slow

**Question 11.** I love the people in my village. They are so friendly and \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 12.** I sometimes lie and watch the \_\_\_\_\_\_ movement of the clouds.

**Question 13.** Some people in the mountains of north Viet Nam used to have a \_\_\_\_\_\_ life.

**Question 14.** Don’t worry. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ to travel here, even at night.

**Question 15.** It’s so \_\_\_\_\_\_ to send a letter from my village. The nearest post office is miles away.

**Question 16.** Would you please be \_\_\_\_\_\_? There is an exam going on.

**Question 17.** I love the \_\_\_\_\_\_ sky on starry nights. It looks fantastic.

**Question 18.** The Tasadays are a \_\_\_\_\_\_ tribe. They never fight and never hit their children.

**IV.** **Choose the correct answer.**

**Question 19.** Does she fancy \_\_\_\_\_\_ a book to younger children?

**A.** reads                      **B.** reading

**C.** to read                    **D.** read

**Question 20.** My 6-year old brother really enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the rain, which is sometimes dangerous.

**A.** play                        **B.** played

**C.** playing                   **D.** plays

**Question 21.** Have you ever been in such a situation \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** before                     **B.** yet

**C.** already                   **D.** lately

**Question 22.** I know she has worked  much\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this semester than she did last semester.

**A.** more hardly            **B.** hardlier

**C.** more harder            **D.** harder

**Question 23.** They love \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with their friends.

**A.** eat out                    **B.** ate out

**C.** having eaten           **D.** to eat out

**Question 24.** This is one of the most ridiculous things that I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my life.

**A.** heard                      **B.** have heard

**C.** hear                        **D.** will hear

**V.** **Open the brackets**

**Question 25.** I love (listen) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music with good earphones.

**Question 26.** My brother likes ( cook) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , but he detests (do) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  the washing.

**Question 27.** She prefers( communicate) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with real people to ( meet) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ someone virtual on the Internet.

**Question 28.** I need ( solve) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this problem with the customers at once.

**VI.** **Read and answer the following questions.**

Yoga originates in India and it is good for both your body and mind. Anyone can do Yoga- women or men, adults or children. Special children’s classes are devised to help them cope with pressures they feel from school work. By learning how to co-ordinate breathing and movement, yoga helps them to develop body awareness, self-control and flexibility. Taking up yoga also helps them to focus and become better with daily routines. An ideal time to do yoga is before breakfast.

**Question 29.** Where does yoga come from?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 30.** Who can do yoga?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 31.** Why should children do yoga too?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 32.** What is the best time for yoga?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 33.** Does yoga help children concentrate on their work?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VII.** **Rewrite the sentences without changing the meanings.**

**Question 34.** The Eagle team performed more successfully than the Lion team.

⟹ The Lion team didn’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 35.** In the countryside, the children play more freely than in the city.

⟹ In the city, children\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 36.** Our gers are now better equipped than in the past .

⟹ In the past, our gers weren’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 37.** A sports car goes faster than an ordinary car.

⟹ An ordinary car goes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.** **Complete the following sentences.**

**Question 38.** The/ paddy /field/ /mountain/ usually/ not/ as /large/ those/ in/low /lands.

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 39.**The/ path/ through/ Dead Valley/ most/dangerous/in/ my/ country.

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 40.** A city /more /interesting/ activities/ the countryside.

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 10**

**I. Listen. Decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F).**

**Question 1.**  The Tay have been presented in Vietnam for a very long time.

**Question 2.**  The Tay are farmers who have a short tradition of wet rice cultivation.

**Question 3.**The Tay doesn‘ have terraced fields.

**Question 4.**  Cattle and poultry raising are well-developed by Tay farmers.

**Question 5.**  Tay craft is highly prized because of its beautiful and original patterns.

**II. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others**

**Question 6.**

**A.** procession                  **B.** politician

**C.** companion                  **D.** historian

**Question 7.**

**A.** participation                **B.** tradition

**C.** attention                      **D.** production

**Question 8.**

**A.** oblige                         **B.** belonging

**C.** minority                      **D.** virtual

**Question 9.**

**A.** convenient                  **B.** anniversary

**C.** generation                   **D.** speciality

**III. Complete the sentences/ the text with one word/ phrase in the box**

**Question 10.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the most popular individual outdoor activity in the UK.

**A.** staying indoors                  **B.** walking

**C.** playing football                  **D.** doing DIY

**Question 11.** If you have to do home improvements, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a good way to save money.

**A.** staying indoors                  **B.** hang out

**C.** playing football                  **D.** doing DIY

**Question 12.** I sometimes lie and watch the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ movement of the clouds.

**A.** inconvenient                      **B.** nomad

**C.** friendly                               **D.** slow

**Question 13.** Most of old people adore \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they usually spend hours growing and watering their plants.

**A.** cooking                              **B.** gardening

**C.** fishing                                **D.** painting

**Question 14.**Not many people can explain the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the customs and traditions at Tet.

**A.** start                                   **B.** begin

**C.** origin                                 **D.** reason

**Question 15.** In Vietnam, there is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tidying the house when Tet comes.

**A.** customs for                     **B.** a custom of

**C.** custom in                        **D.** custom with

**Question 16.** Recently, young people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with tradition by living far from their parents.

**A.** are breaking                   **B.** broke

**C.** were breaking                 **D.** have broken

**IV. Circle the mistake then correct it in each sentence**

**Question 17.** When you come to **(A)**Brazil, you should tip **(B)**the waiter 10% for **(C)**the bill **(D)**.

**Question 18.**When eating **(A)**in India, you always should **(B)**use the **(C)**right hand. Never use **(D)** the left hand.

**Question 19.** On my family **(A)**, children have to **(B)**get permission **(C)** before leaving **(D)**the dining table.

**Question 20.** When **(A)**we were young, we have to **(B)**stand in a row **(C)**to greet the guests **(D)** .

**Question 21.** People have followed **(A)** the tradition of **(B)**  give **(C)** lucky money on Tet for **(D)** a long time.

**V. Complete the correct forms of the words**

**Question 22.**Some ethnic groups use their own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ languages.       (**write**)

**Question 23.** It is difficult to persuade young people to keep the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ way of life. (**tradition**)

**Question 24.** Are you interested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stamps?            (**collect)**

**Question 25.**People in the countryside work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on their farms than we can imagine.    (**hard**)

**VI. Fill in each blank with a suitable word given in the box to complete the following passage.**

expensive      dangerous         waste

accidents       make         performances

crowds          preserve

**Disadvantages of Festivals**

Although people love festivals very much, there are also some disadvantages. First, festivals are very costly. Because the general purpose of festivals is to (**26**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cultural heritages, a nation is willing to spend a lot of money on this. Moreover, during a festival, most people do not work but spend money on (**27**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gifts for their friends and relatives.

Second, festivals can be dangerous. People may drink a lot during a festival and cause road (**28**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In many festivals, there are races like cow-racing and elephant racing which may be (**29**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,  especially for children. Moreover, in some festivals, when people rush to see the events, they may also (**30**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ other people to get hurt. Third, festivals may affect the environment. After a festival, the roads are full of colorful paper, flowers, (**31**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cans or bottles that people throw away. Trees along the roadsides may be damaged by the (**32**)\_\_\_\_\_­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . Furthermore, the noise from music and other (**33**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ also cause noise pollution.

**VII.** **Read the following passage and answer the questions.**

**MY VILLAGE**

We are the Khmer Krom, one of the biggest ethnic groups in the south of Viet Nam. We live on farming – mostly rice – and fishing on the Mekong River. Life is sometimes hard as our work depends heavily on the weather. When it is not harvest time, the men of the village go fishing from early morning and don’t return until late afternoon. By the time they return, most of the village women will be waiting for them on the river bank. They wait to buy the fish, which they will later sell at the local market or bring to the nearby town for a higher price. The children will be there, too. We love running around and waiting for the boats to come in.

Our most important festival of the year is the Chol Chnam Thmay, which celebrates the New Year. It falls in mid-April. Every family tries to prepare well for the festive activities. The community also visits and helps poor families so that everybody has a happy New Year.

**Question 34.**Where do the Khmer Krom live?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 35.**What does the Khmer’s work depend on?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 36.**What do the men of the village do when it is not harvest time?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 37.**Who will be waiting for the fishing boats to return at the end of a fishing day?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 38.**When do the Khmer Krom celebrate New Year?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII.** **Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence, using the words given in brackets**

**Question 39.** Lang Lieu couldn’t buy any special food. He was very poor.                 (**because**)

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 40.** Most of Vietnamese are tired preparing for Tet. They look forward to it. (**although**)

⟹  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 11**

**I. Listen and decide if it is true or false.**

**Question 1.**  People in Northern and Southern areas conduct the activity of visiting pagoda differently.

**Question 2.**  Northern Vietnamese seem to be more sophisticated than Southern people.

**Question 3.**   Northen Vietnamese do not bring many items to pagodas.

**Question 4.**  Southern people simply ask for what they wish for.

**Question 5.**The noble tradition of visiting pagodas retains its own real meaning.

**Question 6.**  Tet is a traditional festival in Viet Nam.

**Question 7.** It is an occasion for people in the world.

**Question 8.** People will go shopping before Tet.

**Question 9.**  Adults hope to receive lucky money.

**Question 10.**  Children will wish longevity to their grandparents and parents.

**II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.**

**Question 11.**

**A.** activity                         **B.** nomadic

**C.** waterwheel                  **D.** diversity

**Question 12.**

**A.** leisure                         **B.** majority

**C.** socialise                      **D.** pasture

**III. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

**Question 13.**

**A.** enough                       **B.** cough

**C.** although                     **D.** rough

**Question 14.**

**A.** success                      **B.** accident

**C.** accuracy                     **D.** accept

**Question 15.**

**A.** university                   **B.** union

**C.** usage                         **D.** umbrella

**IV. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each unfinished sentence below.**

**Question 16.** They bought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new car.

**A.** theyself                        **B.** theyselves

**C.** themself                       **D.** themselves

**Question 17.** They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ talk in the library.

**A.** mustn't                         **B.** don't have to

**C.** shouldn't to                   **D.** needn't to

**Question 18.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wear a suit to work but he usually does.

**A.** doesn't have to              **B.** mustn't

**C.** have to                          **D.** must

**Question 19.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not ask Kate to go with go?

**A.** When                            **B.** Why

**C.** What                             **D.** Who

**Question 20.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music at night.

**A.** enjoys to listen                **B.** listened

**C.** enjoys listening               **D.** is listening

**Question 21.** He isn't intelligent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the problem.

**A.** enough to solve

**B.** enough money

**C.** enough to be solved

**D.** many money

**Question 22.** I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to buy this house.

**A.** money enough

**B.** enough money

**C.** a lots of money

**D.** many money

**Question 23.** He is very studious. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late at night.

**A.** is studying                    **B.** studied

**C.** studies                          **D.** study

**Question 24.** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me at the weekend.

**A.** visits often                    **B.** visited

**C.** like visiting                    **D.** often visits

**Question 25.** Wait a moment! I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the word in the dictionary.

**A.** look up                          **B.** am looking at

**C.** am looking up               **D.** am looking for

**V. Choose the words or phrases thet best fit each of the blank spaces.**

**MY NEIGHBORHOOD**

When I think of my neighborhood I get **(26)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . For one thing it is in a crowded street **(27)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many tall storeyed building on both **(28)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. One can't see the **(29)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or sunset when one lives in this street. It is always crowded and **(30)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but for the small hours of the night. All **(31)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of vehicles move about the streets, especially in the morning and **(32)**\_\_\_\_\_\_ office hours. These vehicles raise continuing, loud, unplesant noise. **(33)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the road is well tarred there is no dust.

There is a school  and a department store **(34)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The school children add to the crowd and noise of the place. Very often they encroach upon the road for there is no proper playground for them.

Having lived in this neighborhood **(35)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quite a long time, I long for the rural atmosphere which the poets have sung so much about.

**Question 26.**

**A.** sadly                             **B.** depressed

**C.** depressing                     **D.** anxiously

**Question 27.**

**A.** for                                 **B.** by

**C.** with                               **D.** from

**Question 28.**

**A.** banks                            **B.** outside

**C.** inside                            **D.** sides

**Question 29.**

**A.** sun                               **B.** sunrise

**C.** moon                            **D.** moon-rise

**Question 30.**

**A.** noise                            **B.** noisily

**C.** noisy                            **D.** noises

**Question 31.**

**A.** sorts                             **B.** kinds

**C.** types                            **D.** all are correct

**Question 32.**

**A.** since                            **B.** for

**C.** during                          **D.** from

**Question 33.**

**A.** Since                           **B.** Because

**C.** As                                **D.** All are correct

**Question 34.**

**A.** next to                         **B.** nearby

**C.** near to                         **D.** next

**Question 35.**

**A.** for                               **B.** since

**C.** during                         **D.** in

**VI. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form or tense.**

**Question 36.** You should practice **(speak)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English every day.

**Question 37.** It **(get)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hotter and hotter in June.

**Question 38.** The movie **(start)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at 8.15 this evening.

**Question 39.** We already **(finish)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the first semester exams.

**Question 40.**Mr.Binh **(learn)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Chinese at school, but he **(forget)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ most of it.

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**Đề 12**

**I. Listen and answer the questions.**

**Question 1.  What are Long Van, Tuyet Son, Hinh Bong?**

**A.** discovered caves in Huong Son.

**B.** famous pagodas in Huong Son

**C.**  pagodas, caves and grottos in Huong Son

**D.**  well-known places in Huong Son.

**Question 2.**  **How far is it from The Ong Bay to Long Van Pagoda?**

**A**. 2 kilometers

**B.** 12 kilometers

**C.** 2 miles

**D.** 20 miles

**Question 3.** **What does Huong Pagoda harmonize the charater of a Buddhist architectural complex with?**

**A.**  man-made buildings

**B.**  the natural beauty

**C.**  nearby villages

**D.** other religious styles

**Question 4.**  **When is the best time to visit these places?**

**A.**  spring

**B.** summer

**C.** autumn

**D.** winter

**II. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others**

**Question 5.**

**A.**comsumption**B.** explosion

**C.** technician**D.** mathematician

**Question 6.**

**A.** nomadic                       **B.** ancestor

**C.** diversity                        **D.** reflect

**Question 7.**

**A.** majority                       **B.** multicultural

**C.** community                  **D.** addicted

**III. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

**Question 8.**

**A.** taxes                            **B.** watches

**C.** books                           **D.** boxes

**Question 9.**

**A.** fair                               **B.** hair

**C.** air                                **D.** bag

**Question 10.**

**A.** transmit                        **B.** exhibition

**C.** spy                               **D.** slim

**Question 11.**

**A.** chemistry                      **B.** charge

**C.** chunk                            **D.** church

**Question 12.**

**A.** knife                              **B.** kill

**C.** know                             **D.** knives

**IV.** **Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentences**

**Question 13.** She loves lying and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the slow movement of the clouds.

**A.** watch                             **B.** to watch

**C.** watching                        **D.** watched

**Question 14.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we followed the tradition of coming home for our family reunion, young people in Vietnam go abroad at Tet.

**A.** Nevertheless                     **B.** Although

**C.** But                                     **D.** However

**Question 15.** We burn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to show respect to our ancestors during Tet.

**A.** wood                                 **B.** paper

**C.** plastic                                **D.** incense

**Question 16.** The farmer rides a buffalo -\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cart loaded full of rice home.

**A.** draw                                   **B.** drawing

**C.** drew                                   **D.** drawn

**Question 17.** People in the countryside live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than those in the city.

**A.** happier                          **B.** happily

**C.** happy                             **D.** more happily

**Question 18.** Viet Nam is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ multicultural country with 54 ethnic groups.

**A.** a                                     **B.** an

**C.** the                                  **D.** A and C

**Question 19.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ethnic group has the largest population in Viet Nam?

**A.** Who                                 **B.** Which

**C.** Where                              **D.** When

**Question 20.**Mozart was born in Salzburg \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1756.

**A.** in                                     **B.** on

**C.** at                                     **D.** since

**Question 21.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Saturday night, I went to bed at 11 o'clock.

**A.** At                                     **B.** On

**C.** In                                      **D.** From

**Question 22.** I used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fishing.

**A.** enjoy                                  **B.** to enjoy

**C.** enjoying                             **D.** to enjoying

**V.** **Circle the mistake then correct it in each sentence.**

**Question 23.** Under **(A)** the new regulations **(B)** , a worker have to **(C)** wear protection **(D)** clothes.

**Question 24.** Our **(A)** grandparents used to be telling **(B)** us fairy tales (C) when we **(D)** were small.

**VI.** **Complete the correct forms of the words.**

**Question 25.** Some ethnic groups use their own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ languages. (**speak**)

**Question 26.** Are you interested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ baskets? (**weave)**

**Question 27.** People in the countryside work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on their farms than we can imagine. (**hard**)

**Question 28.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_tribes never stay in the same place for a long time. (**nomad**)

**VII.** **Fill in each blank with a suitable word given in the box to complete the following passage**

|  |
| --- |
| picks           gets               ancestors  place            full                 cultural  especially          celebrated          pray |

Spring is a time when there are many festivals in our country. Among them, Hoa Ban Festival is the most beautiful and interesting, and it takes **(29)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Lai Chau. It is typical of the **(30)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life of the Thai people. In the second lunar month of the year, when it **(31)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ warmer and hoa ban – a kind of beautiful flower in the northwest mountainous area – blossoms, Hoa Ban Festival is **(32**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is a great time for everyone, **(33)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for boys and girls. The boy **(34)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the most beautiful flower and gives it to his girlfriend. This is not only a time for love but also for the Thai people to **(35)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for good crops, for happiness, and express their special thanks to the Gods and **(36)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The festival is always **(37)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of songs and prayers.

**VIII. Read the text then write the answers to the questions below.**

**MY BEST FRIEND**

My name's John and my best friend is called Pamela. We met thirty years ago when we were both five years old. It was my first day at school and I was very unhappy because I wanted my mother. Pamela gave me a sweet and we became friends immediately. We were together nearly every day until we left school twelve years later.

Then I went to university but Pamela didn't. She got married and had three children. I studied for eight years because I wanted to be an accountant. I had a lot of new friends so I didn't see Pamela very often. Sometimes we didn't meet for months but we often talked on the phone.

**Question 38.** How old were John and Pamela when they became friends?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 39.** How often did they meet at school?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 40.** Why didn't Pamela go to university?

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**Đề 13**

**I. Listen again. Fill in the blank with ONE word.**

An old couple living in the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ countryside was lonely because they had no children. As the old lady was washing their clothes by the river, a (2) **\_\_\_\_\_\_**peach came (3) **\_\_\_\_\_**down the stream. She brought him to her husband and when they prepared to cut it (4) **\_\_\_\_\_**, a baby boy screamed from inside the peach. They raised him as their (5) **\_\_\_\_\_**.

At age fifteen, he left to conquer the evil ogres at Ogre Island. His father gave him a (6) **\_\_\_\_**and armor and his mother gave him dumplings, Along the way, he met a dog, a (7) **\_\_\_\_**, and a pheasant; he gave each a dumpling and they joined him to (8) **\_\_\_\_\_**the ogres. The Pheasant pecked at their eyes, the monkey clawed them and the dog bit them. The ogres succumbed to Momotaro and gave up their treasures. Momotaro (9) **\_\_\_\_\_\_**home, his family became (10) **\_\_\_\_\_**and the ogres did not seem to cause them any more harm.

**Question 1.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 2.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3.**   \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 4.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 5.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 6.**  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 7.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Question 9.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 10.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**III. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.**

**Question 11.**

**A.** manner                        **B.** palm

**C.** pass                             **D.** sharp

**Question 12.**

**A.** customs                       **B.** traditions

**C.** opinions                       **D.** forks

**Question 13.**

**A.** used                            **B.** passed

**C.** visited                          **D.** talked

**IV. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.**

**Question 14.**

**A.** accept                          **B.** offspring

**C.** oblige                           **D.** belonging

**Question 15.**

**A.** clockwise                      **B.** filmstrip

**C.** reflect                            **D.** hostess

**Question 16.**

**A.** tradition                        **B.** manner

**C.** sociable                        **D.** upwards

**V. Choose A, B, C or D that best completes each sentence.**

**Question 17.** There are plenty of potatoes in the fridge. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ buy any.

**A.** needn’t                        **B.**mustn’t

**C.** may not                       **D.** shouldn’t

**Question 18.** We are in the hospital. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ smoke here.

**A.** needn’t                        **B.** mustn’t

**C.** may not                       **D.** don’t have to

**Question 19.** He doesn’t mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the window for his father.

**A.** opened                        **B.** to open

**C.** opening                       **D.** open

**Question 20.**I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go out in the rain even if I have an umbrella.

**A.** detest                          **B.** hate

**C.** mind                           **D.** adore

**Question 21.**Karen loves \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her sister.

**A.** to play                         **B.** to playing

**C.**play                              **D.** played

**Question 22.** Tom’s house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Jerry’s.

**A.** more high                     **B.** higher

**C.** more higher                  **D.** highest

**Question 23.** Sooner or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, your parents will know it.

**A.** later                            **B.** late

**C.** soon                            **D.** soonest

**Question24.**Can you speak a little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  I can’t hear it clearly.

**A.** more clearer               **B.** more clear

**C.**slowlier                        **D.** more slowly

**Question25.**Anna: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is this book?

Elsa: It’s mine.

**A.** Who                            **B.** Whose

**C.** When                          **D.** That

**Question 26.** Tom: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_going out for dinner?

Jerry: It’s a good idea.

**A.** What to                        **B.** What

**C.** How                             **D.** How about

**Question27.**A man in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ police uniform came across the street.

**A.** the                               **B.** an

**C.** a                                  **D.** x

**Question 28.** Tom passed the exam! It is such \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ good news.

**A.** x                                  **B.** an

**C.** a                                  **D.** the

**Question29.**There are 54 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam.

**A.**personalities                   **B.** persons

**C.** people                           **D.** peoples

**Question30.**They are all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ engineers. Every customer is satisfied with their working styles.

**A.** disturbing                      **B.** bad

**C.** delicious                       **D.** experienced

**VI. Read the passage and answer the questions.**

Music serves as the motivation to work out harder. It is also shown that listening to those top workout tracks can increase endurance during a tough exercise session. USA Today explains this works partly through the power of distraction: When we’re focusing on a favorite album, we may not notice that we just ran an extra mile.

If you are feeling down or depressed, music can be a perfect cure. Studies show that music helps put people in a better mood and gets them in touch with their feelings. Study participants rated “arousal and mood regulation” and “self-awareness” as the two most important benefits of listening to music.

Whether you realized it or not, listening to your favorite songs while walking to class, coming from work, or right before bed provides your mind and body with much more than the enjoyment of the songs; it also has several health benefits to go along with it. So keep on listening! Music is a vital part of human life.

(http://www.theodysseyonline.com/the-benefit-of-listening-to-music)

**Question31.** What is the benefit of music on exercising?

**A.** It increases endurance.

**B.** It listens to top workout tracks.

**C.** It is explained by USA Today.

**D.** It can be the perfect cure.

**Question32.** According to USA Today, why listening to music helps people exercise longer?

**A.** Because of the power of distraction.

**B.** Because of the power of a favorite album.

**C.**Because of the power of mood regulation.

**D.** Because of the power of enjoyment.

**Question 33.** What are the two most important benefits of listening to music rated by study participants?

**A.** distraction and focus

**B.** enjoyment and sadness

**C.** arousal and mood regulation as well as self-awareness

**D.** endurance increase

**Question 34.** Which of the following is true?

**A.** When we’re focusing on a favorite album, we will feel tired.

**B.**Music can be the perfect cure if you are feeling down or depressed.

**C.** Music has no health benefits.

**D.** Music is unimportant.

**Question 35.** Which of the following is NOT true?

**A.** Music is a vital part of human life.

**B.** Music helps people feel better.

**C.** We should keep on listening to music.

**D.** Listening to your favorite songs only provides you with the enjoyment of the songs.

**VII. Find a mistake in each sentence below.**

**Question 36.**We **(A)**have a lot **(B)**of work tomorrow **(C)**. You must **(D)** be late!

**Question37.**You mustn’t **(A)**to tell **(B)**anyone what **(C)**I just told you. It’s a secret **(D)**.

**Question 38.** We have to **(A)**rush. We’ve **(B)** got plenty **(C)**of time **(D)**.

**Question39.**When **(A)**chew **(B)**food, we **(C)**shouldn’t talk **(D)**.

**Question 40.** My family has **(A)** followed this tradition **(B)**for many generation **(C)**. - It’s good **(D)**.

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 14**

**I.  Listen to the conversation between Trang and Mike. Decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F. You will listen TWICE.**

**Question 1.**  Mike thinks Tam Cam is similar to Cinderella.

**Question 2.**  Like Tam, Cinderella dropped a shoe.

**Question 3.**  The last time Tam was reborn, she was a bird.

**Question 4.**  am Cam reflects Vietnamese people's belief that there is life after death.

**Listen to the conversation between Jack and Nam about ethnic groups in Viet Nam. Fill each of the gaps with no more than THREE words or a number. You will listen TWICE.**

**Question 5.**  Viet Nam has 54 ethnic groups \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 6.**The Viet has the largest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 7.**The Tay has a population of around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 8.**  The Khmer has about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people.

**II. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.**

**Question 9.**

**A.** command                       **B.** carnival

**C.** archway                         **D.** anniversary

**Question 10.**

**A.** instruments                    **B.** others

**C.** basic                              **D.** groups

**Question 11.**

**A.** showed                          **B.** learned

**C.** lived                               **D.** discriminated

**Question 12.**

**A.** rice                               **B.** carnival

**C.** companion                     **D.** invade

**Question 13.**

**A.** emperor                       **B.** commemorate

**C.** incense                        **D.** procession

**III. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.**

**Question 14.**

**A.** companion                   **B.** procession

**C.** commemoration           **D.** magician

**Question 15.**

**A.** congratulation              **B.** celebration

**C.** vegetarian                    **D.** preservation

**Question 16.**

**A.** performance                 **B.** decoration

**C.** attraction                      **D.** reunion

**IV. Choose the correct answer to complete each of the sentences.**

**Question 17.** I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Thailand this summer. There must be many interesting festivals.

**A.** visit                               **B.** am visiting

**C.** visited                           **D.** have visited

**Question 18.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come for Tet holiday?

**A.** Why don’t you                **B.** How about

**C.** What about                    **D.** Do you like

**Question 19.** I recommend you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to Hue and see the festivals there.

**A.** with                              **B.** by

**C.** to                                 **D.** on

**Question 20.**Sam regrets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that film in the cinema.

**A.** to watch                        **B.** watches

**C.** watch                            **D.** watching

**Question 21.** We go to Huong pagoda every year to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tradition alive.

**A.** do                                  **B.** take

**C.** keep                               **D.** preserve

**Question 22.** This is a statue in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a national hero.

**A.** commemoration              **B.** procession

**C.** competition                     **D.** companion

**Question 23.**I’m looking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the Food Festival.

**A.** by                                  **B.** forward

**C.** with                               **D.** in

**Question 24.**Christmas is an occasion for family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Western countries.

**A.** participation                   **B.** childhood

**C.** reunion                          **D.** blossom

**Question 25.** Buffaloes are good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Vietnamese farmers.

**A.** humans                         **B.** companions

**C.** fairies                            **D.** offspring

**Question 26.**The story is part of the ancient \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Hung King.

**A.** legendary                       **B.** legend

**C.** court                              **D.**heritage

**V. Read the passage and choose A, B, C or D to complete each blank.**

**Hue Festival**

Hue Festival is a big cultural event of Hue City that is held every two years. It is the **(27)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to honor cultural and historical values of that Vietnam’s former capital city. The first Hue Festival **(28)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_place in 2000.

At the beginning of Hue Festival, visitors can enjoy **(29)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ colorful and grand opening ceremony with unique **(30)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of several art groups from Vietnam and other countries. During the festival, there is a variety **(31)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cultural events such as Hue Poetry Festival, Massive Street Arts Performances, Art Exhibitions, the Week of Vietnam’s historical films. **(32)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, visitors can come and explore some traditional values of Vietnam at Gastronomy Quarters, Traditional  Kite Flying Festival **(33)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ watch “Ao dai” Grand Show, “Oriental night” Show, and sporting activities **(34)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ boat race, human chess, etc. Especially, many ancient scenery of Nguyen Dynasty are also reproduced **(35**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ provide tourists an insight into Vietnam’s feudal era.

Hue Festival is well-known as an **(36)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ festival where cultures of many countries converge together as well as where Vietnamese traditional and cultural values are widely presented to the world.

**Question 27.**

**A.** procession                     **B.** performance

**C.** worship                          **D.** occasion

**Question 28.**

**A.** lasted                           **B.** occurred

**C.** took                              **D.** happened

**Question 29.**

**A.** every                            **B.** a

**C.** any                               **D.** both

**Question 30.**

**A.** performances                 **B.** reunions

**C.** worships                        **D.** offerings

**Question 31.**

**A.** from                              **B.** of

**C.** at                                  **D.** to

**Question 32.**

**A.** Nevertheless                  **B.** However

**C.** Otherwise                      **D.** Therefore

**Question 33.**

**A.** nor                                **B.** so

**C.** but                                **D.** or

**Question 34.**

**A.** like                                **B.** love

**C.** hate                               **D.** enjoy

**Question 35.**

**A.** therefore                        **B.** so

**C.** and                                **D.** but

**Question 36.**

**A.** uninteresting                  **B.** international

**C.** unsuccessful                  **D.** undecided

**VI. Combine each pair of sentences into a compound or complex sentence, using the words in brackets.**

**Question 37.**It was raining outside. The ritual still took place. (ALTHOUGH)

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 38.** Jenny needs to ask me. I will show her how to make chung cakes. (IF)

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 39.** Ha was young. She loved chung cakes very much. (WHEN)

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 40.**Franklin wants to join the Hue Festival. He is preparing for his trip. (BECAUSE)

⟹ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **PHÒNG GD& ĐT**  **TRƯỜNG THCS…….** | **BÀI KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8( Thí điểm)**  **Thời gian: 60 phút**  **(Không kể thời gian giao đề)** |

**Đề 15**

**A - LISTENING**

**I. Listen to the folk tale. Decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F).**

**Question 1.** The old man couldn’t see anything at all. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 2.**While eating at the table, he suddenly broke his bowl. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3.** He has to sit in front of the stove to finish his meal. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 4.**The man’s grandson was under five years old. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 5.**The grandson took the man back to the table. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. Listen to a short speech about Shopping and fill in the numbered blanks with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS.**

Shopping must be one of the world’s most popular hobbies. I hate it. There’s nothing **(6)**              than wandering around shopping malls. What a waste of time. I know a lot of people who like window shopping – just **(7)**               shops without wanting to buy anything. Crazy! My plan for shopping is ‘quickly in, quickly out’. If I have to go shopping, I go in the morning on a **(8)**                  . This is when the stores are empty and you can get what you want quickly, without thousands of other shoppers getting in your way. The worst time to go shopping is on a **(9)**              during sale season. It seems as though all of the world’s bargain hunters are in the same store as you. I was happy when **(10)**                  came along. This is very relaxing.

**B - PRONUNCIATION**

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

**Question 11.** **A.** wicked           **B.** confused                       **C.** beloved                        **D.** naked

**Question 12. A.** companion     **B.** comparison                   **C.** company                       **D.** compartment

**II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.**

**Question 13.** **A.** mountainous  **B.** product                         **C.** literature                       **D.** unforgettable

**Question 14.** **A.** southern         **B.** highland                       **C.** clothing                        **D.** experience

**C - GRAMMAR**

**I. Choose the best answer (A, B, C, or D).**

**Question 15.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tortoise was slow, he was very steady and he could win the race.

**A.** Because                               **B.** When                            **C.** Although                      **D.** Despite

**Question 16.**In most fairy tales, good characters often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a happy life after a lot of challenges.

**A.** make                                    **B.** go                                 **C.** do                                 **D.** lead

**Question 17.** The hunter saved her life, so she wanted to do something for him in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** again                                    **B.** back                              **C.** return                            **D.** turn

**Question 18.** It is easy for the little girl to fall \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sleep when her mother tells her the favorite fairy tale.

**A.** in                                          **B.** into                               **C.** to                                  **D.** over

**Question 19.** Folk tales are very good for kids’ personality development because they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kids with many moral lessons.

**A.** give                                      **B.** help                               **C.** provide                         **D.** tell

**Question 20.**I prefer reading stories with happy endings \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ones with unhappy endings.

**A.** than                                      **B.** to                                  **C.** from                             **D.** rather

**Question 21.** I was glad when the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ step – mother had to live a miserable life until death.

**A.** merciful                               **B.** gentle                            **C.** cunning                        **D.** helpless

**Question 22.** I remember that I first \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that story when I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6 years old.

**A.** reads – am                           **B.** read – was                    **C.** readed – was                **D.** read – were

**Question 23.**When our elder brother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us a frightening story, suddenly there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a big knock on the door.

**A.** was telling – was                 **B.** were telling – was        **C.** told – was                    **D.** tells – is

**Question 24.** The Giong festival is held to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Saint Giong who defeated the invaders.

**A.** remember                             **B.** commemorate               **C.** miss                              **D.** remind

**Question 25.** The lion and dragon dances performed at the opening ceremony of the festival was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** impressed                             **B.** impress                         **C.** impressive                    **D.** impressing

**D - READING**

**I. Read the passage. And decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F).**

The dragon dance and the lion dance was originated from China, and it has been introduced to many parts of the world. The dragon dance and lion dance are also popular in some traditional festivals in Vietnam. Dragons symbolize wisdom, power and wealth, and they are believed to bring good luck to people. The origin of the dragon dance can be dated back to the Han Dunasty (206 BC – 220 AD). It was then used in a ceremony for worshiping ancestors and praying for rain, and it gradually developed into an entertainment activity. By the Tang Dynasty (618-907) and the Song Dynasty (960-1279), it had become a common ceremonial activity in festival like Chinese New Year.

The dragon body is woven in a round shape of thin bamboo strips, segment-by-segment, and covered with a huge red cloth with dragon scales decorating it. The whole dragon is usually up to 30 meters in length – and people hold rods every 1 to 2 meters to raise the dragon segments.

**Question 26.** The dragon dance came from China. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 27.** People think that the dragon dance is associated with luck. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 28.** The dragon dance was firstly performed for entertainment. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 29.** People performed the dragon dance to pray for less rain. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Question 30.**The whole dragon is usually much more than 30 meters in high. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II. Read the text and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gaps.**

Native American Indian groups in North America lived **(31)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ different cultural regions, each of which developed its own customs and traditions. A custom is the specific way in which **(32)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ group of people does something. This can include how foods are prepared, what clothing is worn, the kinds of celebrations and much more. The set of customs developed and **(33)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by a culture over time is a tradition.

A culture’s customs are often determined by the natural resources found in their environment. In the Desert Southwest region, cloth weaving develop **(34)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a custom. The area has fewer large animals whose skins can be used for making clothing or blankets. Cloth weaving was a way **(35)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meeting the need for clothing without using animal skins. In the Eastern Woodlands area, however, hunting and fishing were daily activities. Since it was easy to get animal skins, developing skills like weaving were less important.

**Question 31.** **A.** in                    **B.** a                                    **C.** on                                 **D.** of

**Question 32.** **A.** the                  **B.** an                                  **C.** a                                   **D.** all

**Question 33.** **A.** to share          **B.** sharing                          **C.** share                             **D.** shared

**Question 34.** **A.** as                   **B.** for                                 **C.** by                                 **D.** in

**Question 35. A.** by                   **B.** of                                  **C.** to                                  **D.** as

**E - WRITING**

**Rearrange the following words to make a meaningful sentence.**

**Question 36.** people / Kinh / in / together / lived / a harmony / the village / under.

=> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Question 37.** villages / the / are / by / surrounded / bamboo groves.

=> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Question 38.** considered / the husband / is / the family / of / the head.

=> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Question 39.** to / went / live / the bride / with / husband’s / her / family.

=> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Question 40.** my / grandfather / water pipes / smoking / enjoys / drinking / tea / and.

=> \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .