**BỘ ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KỲ I – MA TRẬN + ĐỀ THI**

**MA TRẬN ĐỀ THI**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Kiến thức kĩ năng** | **Số câu** | **Số điểm** | **Nội dung** |
| **I. Vocabulary & Grammar** | Phonetics  Stress | 4 | 1 | - Đuôi ed; s/es  - Các âm /əʊ/ aʊ/ /i/ /ai/  - Trọng âm các từ vựng đã học |
| Vocabulary | 4 | 1 | Units 1- 3 |
| Grammar | 12 | 3 | - Past simple  - Present wish  - Present perfect  - Passive review (simple present – simple past – simple future – present perfect – near future - moval verbs)  - Preposition of time  - Adverb clause of result. (so)  - Situation unit 1-3 |
| **II. Reading** | Read the situation then fill in the gaps and answer the questions | 10 | 2,5 | Topic (Units 1 - 3) |
| **III. Writing** | Complete the sentences | 2 | 1 | - Tenses: Use Past Simple Tense, Present Perfect Tense  - Adverb clause of result. (so) |
|  | Rewrite the sentences with the same meaning | 3 | 1,5 | - Passive form  - Wish sentenses |
| **TỔNG** |  | 35 | 10 |  |

**ĐỀ 1**

***Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence.***

1. If you study at the Brighton Language Center, you can live in a \_\_\_\_\_\_ on campus.

A. dormitory B. hotel C. private room D. house

2. How much time do you spend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the web a day?

A. posting B. to surf C. surfing D. surfed

3. There is a small bamboo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at the entrance to the village.

A. tree B. forest C. street D. mountain

4. The next stage in the development of television is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_TV.

A. cooperative B. interactive C. expensive D. convenient

5. I wish you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_us some day.

A. visit B. will visit C. would visit D. visited

***Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words in capital letters.***

1. Minh Hang won the highest prize in a dancing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week. (complete)

2. If we go on littering, the environment will become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ polluted. (serious)

3. Banh Chung is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dish at Tet in Vietnam. (tradition)

4. Nowadays, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are usually able to predict volcanic eruption in advance. (science)

5. There are many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_who work on this farm. (employ)

***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.***

1. A. dormitory B. pagoda C. course D. order

2. A. scenery B. deposit C. exchange D. rest

3. A. gather B. blanket C. reputation D. campus

4. A. admire B. institute C. until D. picnic

5. A. passed B. watched C. played D. washed

***Read the passage , then decide whether the statements that follow are True or False***

The ao dai, the traditional dress of Vietnamese women, has been mentioned in many poems, novels and songs. It is a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants. Vietnamese women usually wear it, especially on special occasions such as Tet, Vietnamese Teachers’Day, or Wedding Anniversary. Nowadays, some fashion designers have made it more and more beautiful by changing the traditional ao dai. Some of them print lines of poetry on it, or they add the patterns such as sun, stars, crosses, and stripes to the ao dai. The ao dai becomes the national clothing, just like Kimono in Japan. Every morning, thousands of schoolgirls in white ao dai make the streets look nicer. Vietnamese women continue to wear this unique and fashionable dress.

Choose True (T) or False (F)

1. The ao dai isn't the traditional dress of Vietnamese women.

2. Vietnamese women never wear the ao dai on special occasions.

3. The Ao Dai is a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants.

4. Some designers print lines of poetry on it, or they add the patterns such as sun, stars, crosses, and stripes to the ao dai.

5. Vietnamese women continue to wear this unique and fashionable dress.

***Read the passage about media then answer the questions***

Email is a short word for electronic mail. You create texts and send them over a network of computers. The first emails go back to the 1960s. The invention has greatly changed our lives and emails have become a popular means of communication.

Emails offer users a lot of advantages. First of all, they are really easy to use. You can organize your daily correspondence, send and receive electronic messages and save them on computers. Second, emails are also very fast. They are delivered at once around the world. It is believed that no other form of written communication is as fast as an email. Last but not least, emails do not use paper. They are environmentally friendly, which helps save a lot of trees from being cut down. So you find emails really useful? Have you ever sent or received an email? Send one to your best friend and wait for nice things to come.

1. What does email mean?

............................................................................................................

2. When did the first email appear?

...........................................................................................................

3. How many benefits of emails are mentioned in the reading?

.........................................................................................................

4. According to the writer, is Email the fastest way to communicate?

............................................................................................................

5. Are they environmentally friendly, which helps save a lot of trees from being cut down? ................................................................................................................................

***Rearrange these words or phrases into meaningful sentences.***

1. learn / Where / English? / you / do

…………………………………………………………………………………

2. since 2010. / have worked / in that factory / They

…………………………………………………………………………………….

3. he / a good job. / were happy / because / got / His parents

……………………………………………………………………………………….

4. a beautiful day / my friends / to go for a picnic. / It / was / so / and I / decided

………………………………………………………………………………….

5. taken / charity / activities. / Tuan / has / part in / different

……………………………………………………………………………..

**ĐỀ 2**

***Choose the word in each group that has the underlined, italic part pronounced differently from the rest.***

1. A. but B. put C. sugar D. push

2. A. thin B. those C. thirsty D. three

3. A. subject B. study C. tunic D. much

4. A. designed B. embroidered C. learned D. finished

***Choose the best answer to complete these following sentences.***

1 ………………………… Kuala Lumpur, Ha Noi is a busy modern city.

A. As B. Such as C. Like D. With

2. I wish I ………………………… his name and his phone number.

A. have known B. knowing C. know D. knew

3. Last year we ………………… Ha Noi, Ho Chi Minh City and Ha Long Bay.

A. visiting B. visited C. will visit D. to visit

4. Malaysia ………………………… into two regions.

A. divided B. was divided C. is divided D. dividing

5. I ………………………… this movie 5 years ago.

A. see B. have seen C. saw D. seeing

6. She has taught English here ………………………… 10 years.

A. in B. since C. at D. for

7. We used to …………… badminton in the afternoon when we were in the countryside.

A. play B. plays C. playing D. played

8. Rice is ………………………… in Asian countries.

A. grown B. grow C. grew D. to grow

***Read the passage then answer the questions***

Ba and his friends often go away for the weekend. Last weekend, they had a picnic to Huong Pagoda. They had to at wait at Ben Duc for a long time. They took a boat and it would reach the place in one hour. Then they had to walk up the mountain. Ba and his friends were tired, so they rested until 5 p.m. They started to go home after having a short rest at Yen Spring. Ba hurt his foot while he was climbing down the boat. Liz took a lot of photos during the visit to Huong Pagoda.

1. Do Ba and his friends often go on a picnic on the weekends?

………………………………………………………………………………………

2. What did they have to do at Ben Duc?

……………………………………………………………………………………

3. Where did they start to go after having a short rest ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

4. Did Liz take a lot of photos?

……………………………………………………………………………………

***Rewrite sentences***

1. Nga doesn’t have many friends in Ha Noi.

Nga wishes……….....…………..………….....................….……………………

2. She isn’t here.

She wishes ……….....…………..…………....................….……………….……

3. Christopher discovered America in 1492

America………………………………………….………………………………

4. Workers repair the roof of my school.

The roof………………………………………….………………………………

**ĐỀ 3**

***Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.***

1. Thu and Lan …………. Pen pals for over 5 years.

A. were B. are C. haven’t D. have been

2. The students used …………. football in that stadium, but now they don’t.

A. Played B. Play C. Playing D. to play

3. Would you like …………. and visit my country?

A. Came B. Come C. to come D. coming

4. He wishes he ……………. around the world.

A. Can travel B. could travel C. travels D. Traveling

5. They wish they ……….. a new house.

A. have B. has C. to have D. had

6. You must learn English at school. It’s a…………..….. subject.

A. Primary B. compulsory C. National D. second

7. I was …………. by the friendliness of the people and the beautiful sights.

A. interested B. impressed C. comprised D. corresponded

8. Ringgit is the unit of ……………. in Malaysia.

A. money B. lesson C.currency D.language

***Read the passage carefully and answer the question***

Canada is the world’s second largest country. The area is 9,970,610 sq.km. The capital is Ottawa, and the largest city is Toronto. The population of Canada is 31,592,805. About one-third of the people are of British origin. One-fourth are of French origin. The official languages are English and French. The United States accounts for about four-fifths of Canada’s exports and supplies more than two-thirds of its imports.

1. Is Canada the largest country in the world?

………………………………………………………………………………….

2. Which city is the largest city in Canada?

………………………………………………………………………………….

3. What is the population of Canada?

………………………………………………………………………………….

4. What languages are officially spoken in Canada?

………………………………………………………………………………….

5. What is the capital of Canada?

………………………………………………………………………………….

***Complete the sentences.***

1. I / arrive / Ha Noi Train station / 2 p.m / last Monday.

………………………………………………………………………………….

2. I / already / visit / lot / famous / places / Ha Noi.

………………………………………………………………………………….

3. I / really / impress / beauty of the city / by / friendliness / people..

………………………………………………………………………………….

4. I / return / home / next Friday.

………………………………………………………………………………….

***Give the correct forms of the words in brackets***

1. ………………….., The ao dai was frequently worn by both men and women. (tradition).

2. The ao dai is now both traditional and ……………………. (fashion).

3. Some designers have ………………….the ao dai by printing lines of poetry on the ao dai. (modern)

4. Liverpool is an ……………………city, north of England. (industry)

***Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first sentence.***

1. I don’t have a car.

- I wish ………………………………………….

2. We started learning English 3 years ago.

- We ……………………………………………………

3. My father smoked cigarettes 5 years ago, but now he doesn’t smoke any more.

- My father used ………………………………………………………

4. My mother tidies the living room everyday.

- The living room………………………………………………………..

***Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tenses or forms.***

1. Minh ( not find ) ………………………………….his pen yet.

2. My house ( rebuild) ………………………………..….next month.

**ĐỀ 4**

***I. Choose the correct answer for each sentences***

1. If you study in the USA you can ............. speaking with the native speakers.

A. expect B. practice C. know D. understand

2. Phil said that he ............ to borrow some money.

A. needs B. has needed C. needed D. is needing

3. Last week Ba invited Liz to ............... his family on a day trip to the country.

A. join B. link C. gather D. consist

4. Musicians have ................ the ao dai in songs for many years.

A. sang B. danced C. mentioned D. spoken

5. My home village lies near the ................. of a mountain.

A. foot B. elbow C. leg D. arm

6. He ............... a lot of photos to show the trip to his parents.

A. caught B. drew C. made D. took

7. If you ............. to catch the first bus, you should get up early.

A. want B. wanted C. will want D. would want

8. Mai wishes she .............. her aunt in Ho Chi Minh City.

A. will visit B. could visit C. can visit D. should visit

9. The doctor .................. me not to stay up too late at night.

A. advised B. suggested C. insisted D. forced

10. She was sick yesterday, ............... she was absent from school.

A. since B. so C. because D. but

11. Vietnamese people are very .................

A. friend B. friendly C. friendship D. friendliness

12. Let's .............. about my problem.

A. talk B. talking C. to talk D. talked

13. Vietnam is a ................ country. The weather is usually hot there.

A. tropical B. cold C. warm D. heat

14. My friend is fond of ............. TV in the evening.

A. watching B. to watch C. watch D. watched

15. Some designers have taken .............. from Vietnam's ethnic minorities.

A. inspiration B. education C. impression D. tradition

16. Jeans ................. all over the world today.

A. is sold B. was sold C. will be sold D. are sold

17. She asked me how .............. to schools everyday.

A. I go B. I went C. do I go D. did I go

18. What ........... of learning English do you find most difficult, Hoa?

A. dictionary B. passage C. aspect D. subject

***II- a. Choose a word in each group that has different stress pattern***

19. A. inspiration B. botanical C. mausoleum D. economic

20. A. occasion B. department C. introduce D. official

***b. Circle the word of which the underlined sound is pronounced differently from the others***

21. A. enjoyed B. invited C. mended D. lasted

22. A. examiner B. kind C. miss D. sick

23. A. divide B. religion C. primary D. comprise

24. A compulsory B. industry C. hamburger D. funny

25. A. federation B. impress C. whether D. design

***III. There is a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentences***

26. A new (A) shop was opening (B) on (C) Main Street last week.(D)

27. Thanh said (A) that he was (B) going to visit (C) his grandparents tomorrow.(D)

28. If you (A) want attending (B) the course, you must (C) pass the written (D) examination.

29. Minh and his (A) family had (B) a two- days (C) trip to their (D) hometown.

30. Tom asked me do I want (A) to go out (B) for lunch (C) with him.(D)

***V. Choose the sentences have the same meaning***

31. "Where do you live?" - Bob asked me

A. Bob asked me where I lived. B. Bob asked me where do I live.

C. Bob asked me where I live. D. Bob asked me where did I lived.

32. We couldn't sleep because the hotel was very noisy.

A. The hotel was very noisy so that we couldn't sleep.

B. The hotel was so noisy that we couldn't sleep.

C. The hotel was so that noisy that we couldn't sleep.

D. The hotel was very so noisy that we coudn't sleep.

33. taxi/ we/ late/ get/ want/ we/ to/ home/ so/ took/ didn't/ a/.

A. We took a taxi, so we didn't get to want home late.

B. We didn't took a taxi, so we want to get late home.

C. We want to get late home, so we didn't took a taxi.

D. We didn't want to get home late, so we took a taxi.

34. It is raining now but I don't like it.

A. I wish it will not rain now

B. I wish it does not rain now

C. I wish it is not raining now.

D. I wish it were not raining now.

35. Ann asked me whether I was free that night.

A. "Were you free that night?" Ann asked.

B. "Were you free tonight?" Ann asked.

C. "Are you free tonight?" Ann asked.

D. "Are you free that night?" Ann asked.

**ĐỀ 5**

***Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others***

1. A. teacher B. brochure C. beach D. much

2. A. prefer B. prepare C. edge D. delete

***Circle the word whose stress is placed differently from the others***

3. A. minimize B. remember C. deposit D. immediate

4. A. jungle B. royal C. snorkel D. marine

***Choose the best option by circling A, B, C or D to complete each sentence***

5. Vietnam is a (an)......................country.

A. exporting-coffee B. coffee-export C. export-coffee D. coffee-exporting

6. When the …………….came, they carried her out to it.

A. ambulance B. victim C. doctor D. wound

7. The boy fell………….his bike and had an injured knee.

A. of B. off C. out D. into

8. He is working very hard……………get good grades.

A. so as B. in order not C. in order to D. so as not to

9. Linh is a (an) …………..She works in a flower shop in Tay Ninh Town.

A. engineer B. nurse C. florist D. teacher

10. “Would you mind if I smoked?” – “I’d rather you ……….”.

A. didn’t B. don’t C. shouldn’t D. mustn’t

11. You must come………….my house for dinner on the weekend.

A. in B. over C. into D. on

12. Oh, no! I’m ……………making the same mistakes

A. usually B. often C. always D. all time

***Supply the correct forms or tenses of the words in brackets***

13. We are having a (wonder)……………time in China, the weather is (cloud) …………. and humid.

14. While Lan (read)…………………the newspaper, the phone (ring)………………….

***Read the passage carefully and do the tasks below:***

Tokyo, which is the capital of Japan, is one of the three largest cities in the world. In the twelfth century, Japan's capital was an island city named Kyoto. Six hundred years later, many people from Kyoto moved to a city called Eyed. They renamed it Tokyo and made this city the capital of Japan.

Today, Tokyo is a busy place. It is a center of business and education. It is also a religious center. In addition, the famous Imperial Hotel was built in 1920 by an American, Frank Lloyd Wright; and many shops, stores, theaters and eating places can be found in this capital. In downtown Tokyo, many large, new buildings made of concrete and steel may be seen. Some of these were built after the earthquake of 1923. Others were built after World War II.

**A. Decide whether these statements are True (T) or False (F)?**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. Kyoto is an island city.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. In 20th century, Kyoto was the capital of Japan .

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. Japanese people renamed Kyoto to Tokyo.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 18. There was an earthquake in Japan in 1923.

**B. Answer the questions**

19. Which city used to be the capital of Japan in the twelfth century ?

……………………………………………………………………………………….

20. What did Tokyo use to be called?.

……………………………………………………………………………………….

21. Who designed the Imperial Hotel ?

………………………………………………………………………………………..

22. What were many large, modern buildings in Tokyo made of ?

………………………………………………………………………………………

***Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one***

23. We were very tired after the trip. We had to attend the meeting. (Even though)

We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

24. This house is much bigger than that one. (big)

That \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

25. I can not eat this kind of food because it has bad smell. (because of)

I can not\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

26. Ms. Lam does exercise every morning to keep fit and healthy. (in order that)

Ms. Lam\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

27. I have never read any stories as interesting as this one. (ever)

This is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

28. We are really expecting to see you again with pleasure. (look forward to)

We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Rearrange the words in their correct orders to make meaningful sentences***

29. delighted / letter / our / receive / we / grandmother’s / are / to / . /

………………….………………………………………………………..

30. playing / the / is / marbles / boy / Nam /./

……………………………………………………………………………..

***Give the correct form of the words***

31. Many tourists like the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_features of Viet Nam. (nature)

32. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_types made of silk such as cloth, ties, dress.... (vary)

33. What are the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Sydney? (attract)

34. Lan couldn’t go to school yesterday because of her\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (sick)

35. A person who made the crafts \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_called an artisan. (skill)

**ĐỀ 6**

***Circle the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.***

1. A. talked B. watched C. lived D. stopped

2. A. measure B. dream C. weave D. team-building

***Circle the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.***

1. Do you know who’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his pottery workshop?

A. bringing out B. taking over C. passing down D. turning down

2. When did your grandparents set \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_this workshop?

A. up B. off C. out D. in

3. This laptop is much more user-friendly, but it costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the other one.

A. so much as B. twice as much as C. as many as D. twice as many

4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she was tired, she finished the scarf for her dad.

A. Because B. So C. But D. Although

5. After I found all the information I needed, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the computer.

A. looked for B. switched on C. turned off D. put off

6. Why don’t we go to Da Nang city on the weekend? - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. That’s a fine day B. That’s a good idea

C. That’s a trip D. That’s a reason

***Give the correct tense/ form of the verbs in brackets.***

1. She said she (sell)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that car the following day.

2. I won the game because I (play) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it a lot with my brother.

3. I’m looking forward to (meet)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you again soon.

4. I don’t know where (visit) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_this summer vacation.

***Give the correct form of words in the brackets:***

1. What is the (small) country in the world? I think it’s Monaco.

2. New York is a multi- (culture) city . It has people from all over the world living in it.

3. We must face up to that our handicrafts are in (compete) with those of other village.

4. This hand- (embroider) picture was too expensive for us to buy.

***Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word from the box to complete the passage.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| stressed | advice | get | frustrating | take |

Hi Thi,

I am wondering if you could give me some (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. My last semester exam is coming up in a few days. I have to go to school, (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ extra classes and study for an English oral contest. When I (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ home from extra classes at 7 pm and I have to eat dinner. When it's 8:30 pm, I do my homework. When I'm done it's almost 9 pm and I study for another

hour. I go to bed at 10pm. I haven't got enough sleep and I'm really tired. It's (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I'm freaking out now. Could you give me some advice?

Thanks a lot.

Ngoc

***Read the passage carefully and answer the questions below.***

The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 km south of Da Nang. It was formerly a major trading center in Southeast Asia between the 16th and 17th centuries. Hoi An is famous for its old temples, pagodas, small tile-roofed houses and narrow streets. All the houses were made of wood and their pillars were carved with ornamental design.

All visitors to Hoi An are commended a visit to the Assembly Hall of Cantonese Chinese Congregation. This house was built in 1855 and still keeps many precious objects that belonged to the Chinese community of Hoi An. Another attractive address to tourists is Tan Ky House, which was conducted nearly two centuries ago as house of a Vietnamese merchant. The house now looks almost exactly as it did in the early 19th century.

In recent years, Hoi An has become a popular tourist destination in Viet Nam. In 1999, it was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site.

1. Where is the ancient town of Hoi An?

…………………………………………………………………………………………

2. What is Hoi An famous for?

…………………………………………………………………………………………

3. When was Hoi An recognized as a world Heritage site?

…………………………………………………………………………………………

4. Is it one of famous tourist places in Viet Nam?

…………………………………………………………………………………………

***Rewrite the following sentences so that the second sentence means the same as the first one.***

1. You should use a dictionary to check the meaning of new words.(LOOK)

=>....................................................................................................

2. “What should we do to make Linh feel happier?” they wondered.

=> They wondered what .............................................................................

3. The last exhibition was not as interesting as this one.

=> This exhibition is much............................................................................................

4. The mother was happy when she learned that her daughter had enjoyed herself at the party.

=> The mother.........................................................................................................

**ĐỀ 7**

***Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.***

1. A. third B. first C. bird D. singer

2. A. knife B. of C. leaf D. life

***Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete these sentences***

3. Villagers are more kind, friendly and warm-hearted than city \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. dwellers B. foreigners C. beginners D. movers

4. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, Dong Ho paintings were difficult to sell and many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quit their job.

A. craftsmen B. crafts C. craftsmanship D. craft unions

5. A famous artisan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_this table beautifully.

A. moulded B. carved C. embroidered D. cast

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ She was tired, she finished knitting the scarf for her dad.

A. Since B. When C. So D. Although

7. The artistan moulded the clay\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_he could make a mask.

A. in order that B. so C. so to D. in order to

8. They offered her a trip to Europe but she \_\_\_\_\_\_it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. turned - off B. turned – on C. turned - up D. turned - down

9. Vinh is very friendly. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ most of my friends.

A. gets over B. gets on C. get on with D. get up

10. I think Ho Chi Minh City \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Da Nang.

A. exciting B. more exciting

C. most exciting D. more exciting than

11. The Central Tower is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_building in this city.

A. the tallest B. tallest C. the most tallest D. more taller

12. Hung: Thank you very much for your help, doctor. - Doctor : “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. You’re welcome. B. Yes, I’d love to

C. That’s great. D. Good idea.

***Read the passage and choose the best answer for each question***

I was born in Ha Noi, the capital of Viet Nam. Ha Noi is famous for its natural beauty, with lots of rivers and lakes. There are many historical places to visit in Ha Noi. The Literature Temple (Van Mieu – Quoc Tu Giam) is the country’s first ever historical university. Teenagers often come here to pray for high results in their upcoming examinations. As Viet Nam is a Buddhism-oriented nation, its capital has also been the centre of Buddhism for centuries. In Ha Noi alone, there are about six hundred temples and pagodas. It also has a big church in the city centre, a popular place for the few Christians living here. With a population of nearly eight million, the city is quite crowded. However, the public transportation is not adequate, so visitors find it hard to safely cross the roads. The city is packed with universities and enterprises, making it the top destination for higher education students and labour workers. Many people from rural areas reside in Ha Noi so that they can get well paid jobs. This makes the city become more crowded than ever before.

1. What is the passage about?

A. a city B. changes in a city C. a city in the past D. a suburb

2. What does 'pray for' means?

A. pass B. like C. wish D. love

3. What is the most popular religion in Ha Noi?

A. Buddhism B. Christianity C. Hinduism D. both A and B

4. How many temples and pagodas are there in this city?

A. 60 B. 360 C. 600 D. 6000

5. What does 'adequate' mean?

A. more B. forbidden C. much D. satisfactory

6. Which among this is NOT mentioned about Hà Nội?

A. natural features B. nightlife C. infrastructure D. labour workers

***Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences***

1. come back / did / last night?/ What time / you / from the trip/

…………………………………………………………………………

2. here / having / We / in Hoi An. / a fabulous time/ are /

…………………………………………………………………………

***Combine these simple sentences, using co-ordinating conjunctions .***

1. This department store is an attraction in my city. The products are of good quality. (because)

…………………………………………………………………………

2. The villagers are trying to learn English. They can communicate with foreign customers. (so that)

…………………………………………………………………………

**ĐỀ 8**

***I. Choose the letter (A, B, C or D) that corresponds to the answer whose underlined part has different pronunciation from those of the others.***

1. A. three B. thanks C. without D. think

2. A. looked B. loved C. borrowed D. cleaned

3. A. chemical B. children C. teacher D. change

4. A. failed B. played C. solved D. needed

***II. Choose the best option to complete each of the following sentences.***

1. I wish I …………………..more about my father’s feeling.

A. know B. knew C. knows D. have known

2. A new book ……………...by me yesterday.

A. was bought B. buy C. buys D. bought

3. It’s very important ……….the environment.

A. protect B. protected C. to protect D. protects

4. They have bought the new house…………………two months.

A. for B. in C. on D. at

5. Would you mind if I……………………….on TV?

A. turns B. turning C. turned D. turn

6. You must do this exercise …………………………

A. careful B. carefully C. to care D. careless

7. My mother…………….clothes at 9 o’clock last night.

A. washes B. was washing C. washed D. wash

8. He said that he ……………..his mother that present.

A. gives B. gave C. given D. give

9. The telephone…………...by Alexander Bell.

A. invented B. was invented C. were invented D. invents

10. I wish I ……….time to take my son to the zoo.

A. have B. had C. has D. am having

***III. Give the correct form of the verbs in the brackets***

1. She (receive)………………my letter at 8 p.m last night.

2. You (do)…………………..your homework yet?

3. Young generation is fond of (wear)…………………jeans.

4. They wish they (live)…………………..in the city.

5. We (not have) ………………………....dinner at home last night.

6. Jean cloth (make)…………………..from cotton in the 18th century.

***IV. Read the passage and then do true (T)/ false (F) task.***

It was the first lesson after the summer holidays at a small school in England. The lesson was about the seasons of the year. “There are four seasons in the year,” said the teacher,

“They are spring, summer, autumn, and winter. In spring, it is warm and everything begins to grow. In summer, It is hot and there are many flowers in the fields and gardens. In autumn, there are many vegetables and much fruit. Everybody likes to eat fruit. In winter, It is cold and it often rains. Sometimes there is snow on the ground.”

Here the teacher stopped and looked at one of the pupils “stop talking, Tom,” he said. “Now listen to me. Can you tell us when is the best time of apples?”

“Yes, sir,” answered Tom. “It is when the farmer is not at home and there is no dog in the garden.”

1. The lesson took place in a small school in England

2. The lesson was not about the seasons of the year.

3. The teacher asked Tom to stop talking.

4. The teacher asked the class to listen to him.

***V. Rewrite these following sentences with the cue words.***

1. John wrote this letter.

=> This letter..............................................................................................

2. I don’t have a computer.

=> I wish………...................................................................................... .

3. Could you open the door?

=> Do you mind....................................................................................... ?

4. They have built this house for three years.

=> This house...…………………………………………………..………

**ĐỀ 9**

**I. Circle the best answer**

1. I...........................in this company for nearly ten years.

A. work B. am working C. have worked D. worked

2. I walked past several hotels ...........................my way ...........................the station.

A. on/ to B. on/ in C. to/ on D. to/ in

3. This morning, we went to Dong Xuan market without...........................anything.

A. buy B. bought C. to buy D. buying

4. Living in the countryside is not expensive, and it isn't complex, ...........................

A. so B. too C. either D. neither

5. What have you learnt since you...........................here?

A. come B. is coming C. have come D. came

6. This big building was built ...........................1980 and 1983.

A. since B. between C. from D. for

7. Our ...........................resources are limited so we should recycle these used things.

A. natural B. naturally C. nature D. naturing

8. Would you mind if I...........................some photos ?

A. take B. took C. am going to take D. would take

9. Internet is bringing us not only information ...........................entertainment.

A. as B. and C. although D. but also

10. Put ...........................in his situation, you will understand why he was so unhappy.

A. you B. yourself C. myself D. herself

**II. Make up the questions for the underlined words and phrases**

1. We haven’t come back to our home village for over 5 years.

->………………..…………………….………………………………….………..………?

2. The last time my father went to London was eight months ago.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

3. Compost can be made from household and garden wastes.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

4. Quan’s mother is very angry because he is always going home very late at night.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

5. The young girl asked Nam if he saw what she saw.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

**III. Read the text, then answer the questions below**

The life of the Inuit people of North America have changed a lot in 30 years. First, their name: people used to call them Eskimos, but now they are called Inuits, which means “the people”. They used to live in igloos in the winter but today many of them live in houses in small towns. They used to hunt seals – they ate the meat and made clothes from the fur. Many of the people still wear sealskin clothes today because they are very warm. Remember, the weather is extremely cold for many months of the year. Eighty-year-old Inuit, Mario Tagalik, told us a little about his early life. “Our winter igloos were very warm. We used to cook inside so sometimes it got too hot. When I was a child I used to take off most of my clothes when I was in our igloos. In the short summers we lived in sealskin tents, but I used to spend as much time as possible playing outside”.

1. What did people use to call the Inuit people?

………………………………………………………………

2. What does the word “Inuit” mean?

->……………………..…………..……….……..……..

3. Where did they use to live in the winter?

………………………………………………………………

4. Why do many of the Inuit people still wear sealskin clothes today?

………………………………………………………………

5. What is the weather like almost around the year?

………………………………………………………………

**IV. Re- oder these words to make meaningful sentences. Change the word forms if necessary**

1. enjoy / here / going / you / or / Do / move / you / stay / be?

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

2. different / thought / will / The journey / quite / I / was / from / what / be / it.

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

3. because / semester / parents / study / Tom’s / very sad / bad / every / be / he / very.

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

4. leave / not / father / Ha Long / since / I / for / your / meet / he.

-> …………………………………………………………………………………………..

5. noisier/interesting/the countryside/than / Living / more / in / be / live / in / the / city / but

-> ………………………………………………………………………………………….

**ĐỀ 10**

***Question I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently***

1. A. collection B. grocery C. poetry D. pagoda

2. A. advance B. campus C. label D. relax

3. A. supply B. academy C. difficulty D. necessary

4. A. easy B. learn C. read D. speak

***Question II. Choose the best correct for each of the sentence below***

5. What ………..……. you do last weekend?

A. do B. does C. did D. doing

6. We ………………… pen pals for more than 5 years.

A. was B. have been C. are D. were

7. In the 18th century jean cloth was made completely ……………….. cotton.

A. of B. by C. from D. in

8. There is a shortage of ……….………..… technicians in Viet Nam nowaday.

A. well- qualification B. well- qualifying

C. well- qualify D. well-qualified

9. This student is very …………. .There are many mistakes in his test.

A. care B. careless C. careful D. cared

10. Thousands of runners........................... in the annual Boston Marathon.

A. participate B. celebrate C. intimidate D. exhilarate

11. It would be nice to be able to fly so she wishes she ……………. .

A. will fly B. can fly C. could fly D. flies

12. Their family........................... live in the countryside.

A. used to B. are used to C. use D D. use to

***Question III. Read the passage below and answer the following questions***

Last year, we had a nice holiday. My friend and I went to the seaside for a month. I had been to the seaside several times before , but this was the first time fo my friend. Naturally, it was a great time for him. Finally, the day came. It was a fine morning. We got up very early because we wanted to leave home after breakfast. We made the journey by car. We reached the seaside at noon. We spent many hours on the beach. We enjoyed making castles and channels in the sand. People said we ought to spend at least a few weeks at the seaside. If we could stay longer, so much the better.

13. Where did they go on holiday last year ?

14. Why did they get up very early ?

15. How did they make the journey ?

16. What did they enjoy making ?

***Question IV. Rewrite sentences beginning as show so that the meaning stay the same***

17. She said, “I’m leaving tomorrow”.

> She said ……………………………………………

18. I fell asleep because the film was boring.

> The film was so .…………………………….……...

19. I want to meet you now.

> I wish …….……………………...………………….

20. It is very convenient to wear jeans at wok.

> Wearing jeans ……………………………….……..

**ĐỀ 11**

***I. Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differently from the rest***

1. A. disappointed B. provided C. polluted D. reduced

2. A. how B. hat C. hour D. house

3. A. south B. bought C. found D. about

4. A. deny B. country C. poetry D. primary

***II. Choose the best words by circling the letter A, B, C or D***

1. They ……………… this man 10 years ago

A. meet B. will meet C. have met D. met

2. He wishes he………………a good student .

A. were B. was C. is D. will be

3. Tom used to …………his homework in the evening.

A. doing B. do C. to d D. does

4. He …………… a car carefully since 1999.

A. learnt B. learns C. has learnt D. will learn

5. I wish you ………… here tomorrow

A. come B. came C. will come D. would come

6. Millions of Christmas cards ………… last month

A. were sent B. sent C. send D. are sent

7. Viet got up late……….. he couldn’t catch the first bus.

A. then B. so C. as D. when

8. My grandmother used to ………………on a farm when she was a young girl.

A. to live B. lived C. living D. live

9. The bus collected us.............6 o'clock early............the morning.

A. at – at B. at – on C. at – in D. on – in

10. Maryam said that Vietnamese people were very helpful and ......................

A. friend B. friendship C. friendly D. friends

***III. Supply the correct verb form***

1. She (invite) ................................. me to her party last night.

2. It’s high time we ( go) ..................................... to school.

3. My bike ( repair) ...........................................by my father since yesterday.

4. I wish I (get) ................................. good English mark tomorrow.

***IV. Read the following passage***

Ao dai, the traditional dress of Vietnamese women, have been mentioned in many poems, novels and songs. It is a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants. Vietnamese women usually wear it, especially on special occasions such as Tet, Vietnamese Teachers’day, or Wedding Anniversary. Nowadays, some fashion designers have made it more and more beautiful by changing the traditional Ao Dai. Some of them print lines of poetry on it, or they add the patterns such as sun, stars, crosses, and stripes to the Ao Dai. The Ao Dai becomes the national clothing, just like Kimono in Japan. Every morning thousands of schoolgirls in white Ao Dai make the streets look nicer. Vietnamese women continue to wear this unique and fashionable dress.

Choose True or False:

1. Ao dai is the traditional dress of Vietnamese women

2.Vietnamese women never wear Aodai on special occasions

3.The Ao Dai becomes the national clothing.

4. Every morning thousands of schoolboys in white Ao Dai make the streets look nicer.

Answer the questions:

1. What is the traditional dress of Vietnamese women?

........................................................................................................................................

2. Do Vietnamese women usually wear Ao dai on special occasions?

........................................................................................................................................

***V. Rewrite the following sentences.***

1. Hoa can't visit her uncle.

=> Hoa wishes .............................................................................................

2. Nam is not at home.

=> I wish ……………………………………………..........................……

3. We can do this exercise ourselves.

=> This exercise………………………………………….........……………

4. He often helped me.

=> He used to ……………………………………………............................

5. We postponed the picnic because the weather was bad.

=> The weather .............................................................................................

**ĐỀ 12**

***I. Choose the word that the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest***

1. A. boxes B. goes C. watches D. washes

2. A. divided B. prayed C. arrived D. seemed

3. A. value B. use C. music D. currency

4. A. invite B. river C. shrire D. primary

***II. Choose the best answer for each following sentences***

1. We have some\_\_\_\_\_\_ students for the program.

A. exchanged B. exchange C. to exchange D. exchanging

2. I wish you\_\_\_\_\_\_ camping with us tomorrow

A. go B. could go C. went D. are going

3. She often goes to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to pray because her religion is Islam.

A. pagoda B. church C. temple D. mosque

4. Nguyen Du is a famous\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. poem B. poet C. poetry D. poetic

5. My home village is about 30 kilometers\_\_\_\_\_\_ the north of the city.

A. in B. from C. to D. at

6. Wearing uniforms helps students \_\_\_\_\_ equal in many ways.

A. feel B. fall C. felt D. fell

7. “ Hello. You must be Yoko.” – “ \_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. All right B. Yes, please

C. That’s right, I am. D. Yes, here is Yoko

8. This school \_\_\_\_\_\_ here ten years ago.

A. built B. is built C. was built D. has been built

***III. Supply the correct form of VERBS in the brackets***

1. Mai wishes she (be) a good singer .

2. Rice (grow) in tropical countries.

3. She asked me where my parents (live).

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you (eat) Vietnamese food yet?

***IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the sentences***

1. Many women continue to wear the unique and\_\_\_\_\_\_ dresses. (FASHION)

2. There used to be a big tree at the\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the village. (ENTER)

3. Her \_\_\_\_\_\_ behavior makes them like her. (FRIEND)

4. We were really \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the charming city. (IMPRESS)

***V. Read the passage and answer the questions below***

Last Sunday, Nam went on excursion to Oxford. He got up early and took a bus , so he arrived there on time. In the morning , he visited the National Gallery, Big Ben and the Hyde Park. In the afternoon, he bought a dictionary and a small disc with the words “Oxford University”. He met some English students in the bookshop. He was happy to practice speaking English with many foreigners. Although he felt tired ,he all had a nice day.

1. Where did Nam go last Sunday ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

2. How did he go there ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

3. Where did he meet some English students ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

4. Did he practice speaking English with foreigners ?

………………………………………………………………………………………

***VI. Rewrite the sentences, beginning as shown***

1. I last saw her three years ago.

I haven’t ...................................................………………............................

2. Because Hoa worked hard, she passed the exam.

Hoa worked ....................................................................................................

3. When he was a child, he often played soccer.

He used ………………………………………………………………………

4. “ What is your address?” Lan asked

Lan asked me ………………………………………………………………..

***VII. Put the words/ phrases in the correct order to make meaningful sentences***

1. going / on / We / are / to / the / a / trip / countryside / next month

.……………………………………………………………………………………

2. have/ They/ in/ just/ the USA/ a/ introduced/ of/ new/ jeans/ style.

.……………………………………………………………………………………

**ĐỀ 13**

***I. Circle the best answer***

1. I...........................in this company for nearly ten years.

A. work B. am working C. have worked D. worked

2. I walked past several hotels ...........................my way ...........................the station.

A. on/ to B. on/ in C. to/ on D. to/ in

3. This morning, we went to Dong Xuan market without...........................anything.

A. buy B. bought C. to buy D. buying

4. Living in the countryside is not expensive, and it isn't complex, ...........................

A. so B. too C. either D. neither

5. What have you learnt since you...........................here?

A. come B. is coming C. have come D. came

6. This big building was built ...........................1980 and 1983.

A. since B. between C. from D. for

7. Our ...........................resources are limited so we should recycle these used things.

A. natural B. naturally C. nature D. naturing

8. Would you mind if I...........................some photos ?

A. take B. took C. am going to take D. would take

9. Internet is bringing us not only information ...........................entertainment.

A. as B. and C. although D. but also

10. Put ...........................in his situation, you will understand why he was so unhappy.

A. you B. yourself C. myself D. herself

***II. Make up the questions for the underlined words and phrases***

1. We haven’t come back to our home village for over 5 years.

->………………..…………………….………………………………….………..………?

2. The last time my father went to London was eight months ago.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

3. Compost can be made from household and garden wastes.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

4. Quan’s mother is very angry because he is always going home very late at night.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

5. The young girl asked Nam if he saw what she saw.

->……………………..……………….…………………………………….………..……?

***III. Read the text, then answer the questions below***

The life of the Inuit people of North America have changed a lot in 30 years. First, their name: people used to call them Eskimos, but now they are called Inuits, which means “the people”. They used to live in igloos in the winter but today many of them live in houses in small towns. They used to hunt seals – they ate the meat and made clothes from the fur. Many of the people still wear sealskin clothes today because they are very warm. Remember, the weather is extremely cold for many months of the year. Eighty-year-old Inuit, Mario Tagalik, told us a little about his early life. “Our winter igloos were very warm. We used to cook inside so sometimes it got too hot. When I was a child I used to take off most of my clothes when I was in our igloos. In the short summers we lived in sealskin tents, but I used to spend as much time as possible playing outside”.

1. What did people use to call the Inuit people?

………………………………………………………………

2. What does the word “Inuit” mean?

->……………………..…………..……….……..……..

3. Where did they use to live in the winter?

………………………………………………………………

4. Why do many of the Inuit people still wear sealskin clothes today?

………………………………………………………………

5. What is the weather like almost around the year?

………………………………………………………………

***IV. Re- order these words to make meaningful sentences. Change the word forms if necessary***

1. enjoy / here / going / you / or / Do / move / you / stay / be?

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

2. different / thought / will / The journey / quite / I / was / from / what / be / it.

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

3. because / semester / parents / study / Tom’s / very sad / bad / every / be / he / very.

->……………………..……………….……………………………………………………

4. leave / not / father / Ha Long / since / I / for / your / meet / he.

-> …………………………………………………………………………………………..

5. noisier/interesting/the countryside/than / Living / more / in / be / live / in / the / city / but

-> ………………………………………………………………………………………….

**ĐỀ 14**

***I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.***

1. A. Garage B. Carriage C. Garbage D. Sewage

2. A. Typhoon B. Flood C. Balloon D. Groom

3. A. Private B. Celebrate C. Locate D. Nominate

4. A. Hole B. Hobby C. Honest D. House

5. A. Terrify B. Symbol C. Deny D. Dynamite

6. A. Healthy B. Thunder C. Earthquake D. Gather

***II. Choose the best option A, B, C, or D to complete each dialogue.***

1. *Linda:* Have you …… your homework?

*Daisy:* No, I haven’t. Exercise 2 is too ……

A. finish/hard B. finished/hard C. finish/hard ly D. finished/hardly

2. *Linda:* You don’t like sport, …… you?

*Daisy:* Yes. But I prefer …… TV.

A.do/watch B. do/watching C. don’t/watch D. don’t/watching

3. *Linda:* Who are you waiting …… at the moment?

*Daisy:* My girl friend. She is ……

A. for/coming B. on/comes C. on/coming D. for/comes

4. *Linda:* What are consumers interested ……?

*Daisy:* The price and the quality of the ……

A. on/product B. at/production C. in/products D. on/productive

5.*Linda:* What can we do to spend less on lighting?

*Daisy:* Replace the ordinary 100-watt light bulbs …… energy-saving bulbs.

A. with B. on C. to D. in

6.*Linda:* What would you do if you …… an alien from a UFO?

*Daisy:* I would …… home as fast as possible.

A. met/ran B. meet/run C. met/run D. meet/ran

***III. Match each word in column A to a suitable definition in column B.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Column A** | **Column B.** |
| 1. source (n)  2. compose (v)  3. planet (n)  4. capture (v) | A. large mass of material which move around the Sun or stars.  B. take someone as a prisoner.  C. the place that something comes from.  D. to produce music, poetry or formal writing. |

***IV. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the word in CAPITALS.***

1. You must be ……………… when you cross the road in the city. CARE

2. The common serious problem in many countries is ……………. FOREST

3. The price of …………………………… has gone up again. ELECTRIC

4. The gas from the chemical factories is ………………… HARM

5. Their ………………………….. has lasted a lifetime. FRIEND

6. People think that gods create ……………………. eruption. VOLCANO

***V. Fill in each gap with only ONE suitable word from the box.***

|  |
| --- |
| *same English to the England language* |

In the United States of America the national (1)……. is also English. Over four hundred years ago, some English people sailed (2)…… North America to live there and they brought the new language to this new land. Now in (3)…… United States of America, people use American English. Most of the words are the (4)…… in American English and British English, but American people say some (5)…… words not like people do in England. Canada is to the North of the United States of America. It is larger than the United States. In Canada many people speak English because they also came from (6)…… many years ago. But in some parts of Canada, they speak French as people living in these parts came from France.

***VI. Choose the option A, B, C, or D that needs correcting.***

1. My sister are going to study in New York next month.

A B C D

2. If there will be too much exhaust fume, our breathing will be badly affected.

A B C D

3. We suggest plant some more trees in the school yard.

A B C D

4. Mary didn’t go to the zoo with her friends because of her sick.

A B C D

5. Dick’s teacher wishes he is a good student at school.

A B C D

6. We are fond of wear uniform at school.

A B C D

***VII. Complete the sentences in such a way that the meaning remains unchanged from the original ones.***

1. The storm destroyed the town completely

The town ………………………………………………………………………………….

2. Although his leg was broken, he managed to get out of the car.

In spite ……………………………………………………………………………………

3. Let’s put garbage bins around the school yard.

I suggest ………………………………………………………………………………….

4. Tom failed the exam because of his laziness.

Because Tom was ………………………………………………………………………

5. Mary is better cook than Daisy.

Daisy can’t ………………………………………………………………………………

**ĐỀ 15**

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

1. A. impressed B. disappointed C. wished D. stopped

2. A. destination B. vacation C. question D. inspiration

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

3. A. famous B. workshop C. village D. bamboo

4. A. design B. mention C. prefer D. consist

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

5. She wishes (A) she is (B) the most (C) beautiful girl in (D) the world.

6. Ba is very depressing (A) because his closest (B) friend is moving (C) to another (D) town.

7. Nick asked (A) Phong if (B) he has gone (C) to Nga’s birthday party the previous night (D).

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

8. For that artisans, making the paintings is a career \_\_\_\_\_\_ it supports the life of many generations of the family.

A. because of B. although C. so that D. because

9. Vietnamese women today prefer modern clothes \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ao Dai.

A. for B. to C. in D. with

10. Should all motorcyclists be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to wear helmets?

A. interested B. dangerous C. impressed D. compulsory

11. I rarely eat ice cream now but I\_\_\_\_\_\_ it when I was a child.

A. eat B. used to eat C. would eat D. will eat

12. He wondered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to tell the news to his parents.

A. why B. how C. what D. which

13. I wish my parents could put themselves in my \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. shoes B. bags C. blanket D. heart

14. The children in my village used to go \_\_\_\_\_\_, even in winter. Now they all have shoes.

A. on foot B. bare-footed C. playing around D. played around

15. You should take your shoes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when you go into the pagoda.

A. on B. up C. off D. in

16. He was lazy \_\_\_\_\_\_ he was dismissed. Now he's out of work.

A. because B. since C. so D. as

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

17. “Thank you very much for your help.” “\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. It’s quite OK. B. That’s right. C. I’d love to. D. You’re welcome.

18. Phuong: “I’m taking my TOEFL test tomorrow.” - Daisy: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Good fortune B. Good luck. C. Good outcome. D. Good success.

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

19. The graduation is sad, because the time we studied together has come to an end.

A. succeeded B. begun C. finished D. changed

20. Everyone has their own style of studying. I prefer to study by myself so I am not disturbed.

A. location B. method C. culture D. network

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

21. Fruit and vegetables grew in abundance on the island. The islanders even exported the surplus.

A. large quantity B. small quantity C. excess D. sufficiency

22. At 8 o’clock the plane took off into the air and soared above the clouds.

A. decreased B. got dressed C. landed D. slowed down

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

It is often considered that the schoolyard is where bullies go to make other kids a miserable school life, but a new study suggests that classrooms are another popular place.

The study, presented recently at the American Public Health Association’s yearly meeting in Philadelphia, is based on the results of the research from more than 10,000 middle school students who answered questions online.

Of those researched, 43% said they’d been physically bullied within the last month. A bit more than half said they had been **laughed at** in an unfriendly way, and half reported being called hurtful names. About one third said groups had excluded them to hurt their feelings. 28% said their belongings had been taken or broken; 21% said someone had threatened to hurt them. According to the results, two-thirds of the students said they had been bullied in more than one way over the previous month.

The study authors mentioned that 8% of the students who answered said they had missed school at least once during the school year because of fear of being bullied, 25% said they had taken other actions, such as missing recess, not going to the bathroom or lunch, missing classes, or staying away from some area of the school to escape from experiencing a bully. Bullies did too much to the school life.

23. Bullies can happen in the following places EXCEPT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. schoolyards B. classrooms C. bathrooms D. teachers’ offices

24. The underlined phrase “laughed at” in the passage is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. made fun of B. smiled nicely C. shouted at D. looked after well

25. Which of the following might some students do to protect themselves from bullies?

A. They miss school. B. They call their parents for help.

C. They try to hurt others. D. They break others’ belongings

26. How does the writer feel about bullies at school?

A. Excited B. Disappointed C. Worried D. Puzzled

27. Which of the following is probably the best title for the passage?

A. Bad School Life B. Bullies at school C. Fear at school D. School problems

***Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the given words.***

28. I have never read such a romantic story.

=> This is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

29.The boy is sorry he doesn’t have his teacher’s address.

=> The boy wishes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

30. “ Will you spend your vacation in Ha Long next year?”, Liz said to us.

=> Liz asked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

31.They believe that the robbers got into the bank through the roof.

=> The robbers\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Combine the sentences into a new one using the given words in brackets. Do NOT change the given words in any ways.***

32. I want to have more books. I work part-time to earn extra money. (because)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

33. She was very tired. She could not stand up. (so….that)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34. I think it’s supposed to rain today. You should bring your umbrella with you. (so)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35. When I was a child. We lived in Bristol. (used)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_